THE COLUMBIAN,
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)
Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
TWO DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance—$2.24 if not paid in advance and $3.00 if payment be delayed beyond the year.
No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.
All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.
POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1878.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XII, NO. 9
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLII, NO. 47

Rates of Advertising.

SPACE	1W	2W	3W	4W	1M
One inch	$2.00	$3.00	$4.00	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	10.00
Three inches	4.00	4.50	7.00	10.00	12.00
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	15.00
Quarter column	6.00	8.00	10.00	15.00	25.00
Half column	10.00	13.00	15.00	25.00	40.00
One column	20.00	25.00	30.00	50.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before insertion except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line; regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street, corner Jefferson.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's store, Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions obtained, Collections made.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 11, 1878

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar.27,'74— Bloomsburg, Pa.

SAMUEL KNORR.
ATTORNEY-A T-L A W,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
aug 24, 77-1y.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-A T-L A W,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—Adjoining C. R. & W. J. Buckalew.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. R. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. —48

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in A. J. EVAN'S NEW BUILDING,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Member of Commercial Law and Bank Collection Association. Oct. 14, 77-tf

WILLIAM BRYSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Centralia, Pa.
Feb 18, '76.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. ABBOTT. W. H. RHAWN.
ABBOTT & RHAWN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
Pensions obtained. dec 21, '77-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. HOWELL,
DENTIST.
Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
May 26—1y.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. ORNA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

WILLIAM Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR
Corner of Main and West streets, three doors below J. K. Eyer's store, Bloomsburg, Pa.
All orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.
April 27, 77-tf

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
Atlas of Hartford	500,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
Commercial Union	17,000,000
	$178,925,000

March 26,'77—y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of " "
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Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 26, 77-1y.

$2500 A YEAR. Agents wanted. Business legitimate. Particulars free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St Louis, Mo.
aug 11, 77-1y R & C

CATAWISSA.

WM. I. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

AUG. L. KAUB. JNO. E. FETMIER. CHAS. B. EDWARDS.
WM. R. HAGENBUCH,
WITH
Kaub, Frymier & Edwards,
(Successors to Benedict Dorsey & Sons, 923 Market street.
Importers and dealers in
CHINA, GLATS AND QUEENSWARE,
923 Market Street, Philadelphia.
Constantly on hand Original and Assorted Packages
June 29, 77-1y

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.
G. A. HERRING
RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

SNYDER'S TANNERY,
(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Espy and Light Street roads, where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for
GREEN HIDES
of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1875.

PAINTING,
GLAZING AND PAPERING.
WM. F. BODINE, Iron Street below second, Bloomsburg, Pa., is prepared to do all kinds of
PAINTING,
GLAZING,
and
PAPER HANGING.
in the best styles, at lowest prices, and at short notice.
Parties having such work to do will save money calling on me.
All work warranted to give satisfaction. Orders solicited
WM. F. BODINE.
March6'74

PATENTS.
F. A. Lehmann, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. All business connected with Patents, whether before the Patent Office or the Courts, promptly attended to. No charge made unless a patent is secured. Send for a circular.
May 4, '77-tf b & w

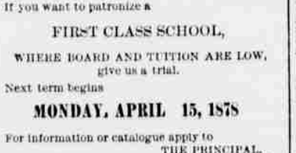
WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES,
RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &c., &c.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets,
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.

NOTICE.
From this date the Bloomsburg Gas Company will put in service pipes at first cost and furnish and set meters at four dollars each.
The company have on hand a lot of gas tar suited for painting roofs, and posts or other timbers placed under ground.
Price 10 cents per gallon or $2.50 per barrel.
Oct. 15,'75. C. W. MILLER, Sec

Orangeville Academy.
REV. C. K. CANFIELD, A. M., Principal.
If you want to patronize a
FIRST CLASS SCHOOL,
WHERE BOARD AND TUITION ARE LOW, give us a trial.
Next term begins
MONDAY, APRIL 15, 1878
For information or catalogue apply to
THE PRINCIPAL,
July 27, 77-1y Orangeville, Pa.

HIGHEST AWARDS! Centennial Exhibition.
J. REYNOLDS & SON,
NORTHWEST CORNER
Thirteenth and Filbert Sts.
PHILADELPHIA,
MANUFACTURERS OF PATENTED
Wrought-Iron Air-Tight Heaters
With Shaking and Clinker-Grinding Grates for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal
CENTENNIAL
WROUGHT-IRON HEATERS.
FOR BITUMINOUS COAL,
Keystone
WROUGHT-IRON HEATERS,
Cooking Ranges, Low-down Grates, &c., &c.
Descriptive Circulars SENT FREE to any address.
EXAMINE BEFORE SELECTING.
April 27, 77-1y A & S

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,



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Manufacturers of
Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,
PLATFORM WAGONS, &c.
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.
Jan. 5, 1877-tf

LOVERS BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE, or secrets of Love, Courtship and Marriage—Showing how to get married, live happily—obtain health, wealth and distinction, and appear to advantage in society—300 pages—500,000 sold. Mailed for 10 cts. in postage stamps or currency. Address, THE UNION PUBLISHING COMPANY, Newark, N. J.
Dec. 14, 77-1m

"VEGETINE,"
Says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures after all other remedies had failed, I visited the laboratory, and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots, and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE
Is the great Blood Purifier.
VEGETINE
Will cure the worst case of Scrofula.
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Is recommended by physicians and apothecaries.
VEGETINE
Has effected some marvellous cures in cases of Cancer.
VEGETINE
Cures the worst cases of Canker.
VEGETINE
Meets with wonderful success in Mercurial diseases.
VEGETINE
Will eradicate Salt Rheum from the system.
VEGETINE
Removes Pimples and Humors from the face.
VEGETINE
Cures Constipation and regulates the bowels.
VEGETINE
Is a valuable remedy for Headache.
VEGETINE
Will cure Dyspepsia.
VEGETINE
Restores the entire system to a healthy condition.
VEGETINE
Removes the cause of Dizziness.
VEGETINE
Relieves Faintness at the Stomach.
VEGETINE
Cures Pains in the Back.
VEGETINE
Effectually cures Kidney Complaint.
VEGETINE
Is effective in its cure of Female Weakness,
VEGETINE
Is the great remedy for General Debility.
VEGETINE
Is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable Blood Purifier in the world.

VEGETINE
Is Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston.
Vegetine is sold by all Druggists.
March

The Seaside Library.
Choice books no longer for the few only. The best standard novels within the reach of every one. Books usually sold from $1 to $3 given (unchanged and unabridged) for 10 and 20 cents.

155. The Count of Monte Cristo, Alex Dumas	40c
156. The King's Own, by Capt. Marryat	10c
157. Hand and Glove, by Amelia B. Edwards	10c
158. Treasure Trove, by Samuel Lover	20c
159. The Phantom Ship, by Captain Marryat	10c
160. The Black Tulip, by Alexander Dumas	10c
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164. A Young Wife's Story, Harriet Bowrin	10c
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199. Cloisters and the Hearth, by Chas. Reade	20c
200. The Monk, by Matthew G. Lewis, M. P. (Monk Lewis)	10c

For sale by all Booksellers and Newsdealers, or sent postage prepaid, on receipt of price.
GEORGE MUNRO, Publisher,
P. O. Box 5057, 21, 23 and 25, Vandewater st., N. Y.
aug 3, 77-4m

The Great New Medicine!

A Health-Giving Power!
PURIFIES THE BLOOD,
INVIGORATES THE LIVER,
PROMOTES DICESTION, and
STRENCTHENS THE NERVES,
Thus effectually curing disease of whatever name or nature. It is worthy of a trial. RELIEF guaranteed.

VIGORENE
Is AGREEABLE to the taste, GRATEFUL to the stomach, and acts efficiently as a CATHARTIC, ALTERATIVE and DIURETIC. Its action is not attended with any unpleasant feeling, neither is languor nor debility experienced, but on the contrary, refreshment and invigoration.
Its immediate effect upon the digestive organs, whether impaired by disease or exhausted from any cause, is to increase their powers of assimilation and nutrition, the appetite being increased at once. To those affected with an engorged condition of the liver, as Biliousness, characterized by a dusky complexion, a coated tongue, a pasty, bad taste in the mouth, a capricious appetite and sluggish action of the bowels, with a sense of fullness in the head and of mental dullness, VIGORENE proves most valuable.
Its effect upon the kidneys is no less happy, a turbid, irritating urine is quickly cleared up by it.
Inflammatory and Chronic RHEUMATISM will soon disappear by a persistent use of VIGORENE.
For the cure of Skin Diseases and Eruptions of all kinds, VIGORENE is most certain.
VIGORENE is composed of the active properties of HERBS, ROOTS, GUMS and BARKS, that Nature alone furnishes, great care being taken by us that they are gathered at the right season of the year, and that they possess their native virtues.
That VIGORENE has the power to PURIFY THE BLOOD, INVIGORATE the LIVER, and STIMULATE the DIGESTIVE ORGANS, is indisputably proven by those who have given it a trial and have been permanently cured.
We do not ask you to try a dozen bottles to experience relief, for we GUARANTEE you will feel better from the first few doses.
VIGORENE is astonishing the world with its cures, and is throwing all other TONICS, ALTERATIVES and INVIGORANTS, into the shade. Put up in large bottles, double strength. Requires small doses, and is pleasant to take.
Price, $1.00 per Bottle.
WALKER & BADGER MFG. CO., Prop's.
32 John St., New York, and Jersey City, N. J.
"THE OBJECT OF EATING," a new book every one should read, sent free upon receipt of a one cent stamp.

For Sale at N. J. Hendershott's
DRUG STORE.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Jan. 18, '78.-1y.

HISTORY OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

MILITARY RECORD.

Emergency Men 1862.

The second battle of Bull Run was fought under Genl. John Pope, August 30, 1862; and the enemy immediately after their victory began moving towards Pennsylvania. On the 4th of Sept, Gov. Curtin issued a proclamation calling on the people to prepare for defense. The rebel army was in Maryland by the 10th, and McClellan was called upon by the President, to head our shattered and discomfited troops. He met the enemy at South Mountain on the 14th of September, and drove him back though its passes; and following on, on the 16th and 17th fought the decisive battle of Antietam, which saved the State from invasion and bloodshed. In the meantime however, to prevent the threatened invasion, the militia of the State turned out en masse and on the 17th of September, there were under arms and moving toward the Southern border, about 50,000 men. Gen. McClellan thanked Gov. Curtin for his promptness in giving the moral support of the State to the Army of the Potomac in the great crisis. In this emergency Columbia county sent three companies and Montour county two A fourth going from Columbia county on the 22d of September.

THIRTEENTH REGIMENT.

Organized Sept. 12-17, 1862—*Discharged Sept.* 25-26, 1862.

Field and Staff: Colonel, James Johnson; Lt. Col., John F. Means; Major, Samuel H. Newman; Adjt., James W. Chemberlin; Quartermaster, I. W. McKelvy; Surgeon, William F. Reiber; Asst. Surgeon, Frederick W. Vandersloot; Chaplain, Benj. G. Welsh; Sergt. Major B. S. Powers; Quartermaster Sergt. L. F. Fuller; Commissary Sergt., Benjamin Mussleman; Hospital Steward, Benjamin Pursell.

Company A.—Captain, John A Winner; 1st. Lieutenant, W A M Grier; 2d Lt., Jno C Perrine; Sergeants, John G Hammer, Simon Lyon, Elias Knerr, Thomas C Hullihen, Wm Pursell; Corporals, Robert Adams, jr, Wm J Ramsey, B K Vastine, John W Thatcher, George Irwin, Samuel Earp, John Werkheiser, Samuel Harman; Musician, John H Hunt.

Privates.

John Adams	W W Hayes
Charles S Baker	Hezekiah Holbert
Peter Baldy jr	Richard Jenkins
Andrew R Best	Wm H Jenkins
Peter F Bourgenot	Hervey J Kase
Daniel H B Brower	Charles Kaufman
Wilbur G Brower	Alfred Kness
Samuel L Butterworth	Fred Kreps
William Bryant	Henry Kocher
Nelson Carr	Charles Limberger
Robert M Catheart	Samuel Lyon
James M Criswell	Wm C Lyon
Charles W Childs	John V Martin
William H Cool	Franklin Miller
William Cummings	Wm McLain
Stephen Cuthbert	Moses Netter
Wm Dean	Geo B O'Conner
Wm Dent	Samuel J Pardoe
Wesley Deshay	Theodore Palmer
Jos A Doran	West Perry
Christian Ernst	Isaac Pursel (p to h s)
Edward Evans	Reuben S Reihl
Josiah Frantz	Aaron D Rockafeller
Saml B Flick	A M Russel
Evan Fisher jr	Warren Ridgeway
Alex M Gearhart	John C Shaver
Edmund Gearhart	Joseph Sechler jr
Wm H Gearhart	Henry C Snyder
Charles H Gibbs	Cyrus F Styers
Frank Gibbs	Lewis Tittle
Samuel M Griffin	Samuel Y Thompson
Isaac X Grier	Stephen C Vansant
Herbert Gaskins	John L Vastine
Michel Haupt	Thomas J Vastine
Lamar Hahn	William E Walton
Henry Walton	Reuben Werkheiser
William Wand	Samuel Werkheiser
Samuel Ware	B C Welsh (chaplain)
Samuel Welliver	Josiah Wolf
Peter Werkheiser	Robert Wilson
Duncan C Hartman	

—From Montour county.

Company B.—Captain, William S Potts; 1st Lieutenant, Nicholas D Harman; 2d Lieutenant Mahlon Hamlin; Sergeants, Geo S Gilbert, Lewis Hayhurst, Albert Schmick, Samuel B Diemer; Corporals, Nelson P John, George Davis, Clinton W Harder, Theodore Schmick; Musician, Norman W Walter.

Privates.

William Berlinger	George R Hayhurst
George W Clark	Edward Hart
C A Crosthwaite	Lewis Kiefler
Elijah C Cleaver	Daniel Kostenbader
John Care	William Knittle
William Eyer	Valentine Metz
Brittain A Fortner	Clemon Osman
August Frantz	George Reifsnyder
Jer S Fahringer	Stephen B Rahn
Amos Fahringer	Jeremiah Fahringer
Peter Fenstermacher	George Roup
John W Fuller	Charles Strausser
John Guinn	George W Soult
Mayberry G Hughes	Joseph Walter
Thomas Hartman	Alfred Yetter
Nelson C Hartman	William G Yetter
Marvin T Hartman	Lloyd Zarr

—From Columbia county.

Company D,—Captain Robert F Clark; 1st Lieutenant, David Lowenberg; 2d Lieutenant, Charles S Fowler; Sergeants, Hiram W Thornton, Thomas Winner, Peter Billmeyer, James A Jamison, Levi L Tate; Corporals, Leonard B Rupert, Thomas J Barton, Elisha B Beidleman, George W Edgar, Henry C Barton, Freas Brown, Thomas W Edgar, Henry B Wells; Musician, William H Abbott.

Privates.

Philip Angle	Henry Kesty
Eli Barton	Peter Kinney
D A Beckley	Richard B Menagh
William Bahme	Philip S Moyer
Benj F Brooks	Cyrus Miller
James B Case	George Moyer
Watson Case	Clinton Mellick
John Cadman	Henry W Melick
Alfred M Cadwallader	John McCormac
James Carr	Franklin McBride
Ebenezer S Case	Wm P McBride
Geo Carey	Kester McMichael
E Rodman Drinker	Foster McCoy
Fred'k C Eyer	Chas H Noll
Cyrus A Eilenberger	John Penman
John L Evans	Peter S Rishel
Robert East	James Rodgers
And J Evans	Eli Roup
Robert Fowler	Lewis A Rank
C S Fisher	John Relswick
George Fleckinger	George Ruckle
John Fry	Hiram Reese
Geo Frederick	Leonard B Shipman
John F Fox	Henry Shipton
Miles Fry	Joseph L Shannon
Henry C Grotz	Bernard Stohner
Geo W Garrison	Henry I Slater
Geo Green	John Shaffer
George Huges	W H Shuman
John Hummel	Matthias Shaffer
Albert Hendershott	Joseph Townsend
William Hagenbuch	David P Thomas
James Hill	B H Vaunata
Acury J Hess	Wesley Wirt
Peter Jacoby	Daniel A Walter
W H Jacoby	Amos Wanich
Uriah Johnson	Wilson Wanich
Wm Kramer	John G Wooley

—From Columbia county.

Company K.—Captain, William Young; 1st Lieutenant, Alfred Melon; 2d Lieutenant, Alfred Patton; Sergeants, Morrison B Munson, A Jerome Harder, Geo W Ramsey, Alex Hofner; Corporals, Alfred Yarricks, Hugh P Liphart, Lewis Byerly, Wm Miller; Musician, Beverly W Mussleman (promoted to Com Sergt), John Geist.

Privates.

Oakley V Amerman	John W Krebs
Samuel Amerman	Samuel Kelly
John C Alexander	George Lunger
James Best	W H Leighow
W H Byerly	Victor Lotier
Sylvester Blockridge	Samuel Moore
C W Bodine	C D Millard
John Below	David W Moore
Jos H Campbell	Franklin Myers
Martin Cornelison	James Martz
John Dean	Wm P Pursel
Leonard Dimmick	John T Patton
Joseph E Dougherty	Lewis Rodinhefer
Wm D Everhart	Wm Riffle
C C Herr	Francis Rockafeller
John Hale	David M Springer
J S Hall	Geo L Sanders
W W Horner	William Treas
Duncan W Hefler	Geo W Watts
David James	James M Ammerman

—From Montour county.

On the same time and occasion the additional men from Columbia county were organized, and attached to the *twenty-first regiment* and became

Company G.—Captain, Hiram R Kline; 1st Lieutenant, Jacob D Mallick; 2d Lieutenant, Charles W Forrester; Sergeants, Wm M Eat, Wm G Thomas, Jacob N Harman, Abraham M White, Wm H Stackhouse; Corporals, Elisha C Ager, James M Wardin, Thomas Williams, Wesley W Sutliff, Charles F. Sult, Billington Ruckle, Wm C Barnes, Samuel H Smith; Musicians, John M Snyder, John F Harman.

Privates.

Samuel Achenbach	Samuel Montgomery
Cyrus B Appleman	Jeremiah H Mears
John S Bachman	Fred Mufley
Samuel L Bettle	Benj F Pursel
Darius Bascoder	Llewellyn Prosser
(Benscoder)	Jeremiah B Rice
Daniel Boise	Wm Remley
Jhhn Bredbender	Geo W Rittenhouse
Bergen A Browe	Hartley N Ror
Henry C Conner	John Roup
Lewis Crawford	Clemuel Ruckle
John Edgar	James R Ruch
Wm J Eves	John Sarley
Wm Fenstermacher	Joseph Sanborn
Wm Fisher	Nathan B Santee
M B Hughes	Adam A Schuyler
Benj F Jacoby	Jeremiah S Seesholtz
Mason C Johnson	Chas Stackhouse
Richard M Johnson	John M Stackhouse
Samuel M Keeler	Samuel Shoemaker
Jeremiah B Kisner	Albert Searles
Benj F Kline	Milton M Traugh
Sanderson Lazarus	Wm Warrick (Wanick
John Leonard	Silas E Walton
Benj F Langer	Charles R Woodin
Wm R Mather	Samuel K White
Hiram S Marr	Wesley Zaner

—From Columbia county.

Columbia County Reserves,

Dr P John Capt	Jesse Shoemaker
I McKamey 1 Lieut	Elisha C Barton
S J Pealer 2 Lieut	John C Patterson
M C Vance 1 Sergt	N B Reece
M C McCollum 2 Ser	Elias Hicks
Jesse B Hayman 3 S	Alfred Johnson
R S Rich 4 Sergt	J J Brower
E M Wardin 1 Corp	J E Sands
F P Masters 2 Corp	L J Thornton
D W Bangs 3 Corp	L T Sharpless
H W Gilbert	T McD Price
W J Robbins	Alfred Creveling
E B Brower	Sylvester Pursel
J L Parker	Thos Hughes
J C Redline	A P Ale
W W Clayton	H N Ammerman
Josiah Heacock	Ira Hess
A A Harvey	Benj W Hess
Henry Rich	Michael Wenner
Solomon Lewis	A Crawford
P F Ashleman	Thomas Hill
John Reece	John Hoffer
David Doty	E P Bender
Achd Patterson	W W Eveland
Samuel Musgrave	J Depue
C O'Brien	Wm Henry
D J Patterson	Samuel Achenbach
C I Krickbaum	Silas Conner
Wm H Krickbaum	Andrew Parks
C Bittenbender	Samuel Farver
Ira Doty	Wesley Eveland
E P McCollum	J Fleckenstine
J B Lutz	Benj F Hicks
John Bellas	Patrick Dillon
Wm Greenley	W T Andrews
R R Pealer	

This company of "Emergency Men," left Bloomsburg on the 22d of September 1862. I have not been able to find that they were ever mustered into the service, or placed in any regiment.

"With malice toward none, and charity for all, I, the undersigned, my conscience punishing me, do promise to pay the printer the amount I owe him, for the paper I have been taking, and that I will by all or any means, induce others to do likewise." Sound pledge.

We came across an old hunting song the other day and the refrain ran "The hunter winds his mellow horn, tira-la, tira-la, tira-li la." Wretchedly poor imitation. It should read to keep up with the times. "The hunter winds his mellow horn, gugglety, glug, glug, glug."

"Hi! where did you get them trowsers?" asked an Irishman of a man who happened to be passing with a pair of remarkably short trowsers on. "I got them where they grew," was the indignant reply. Then, be me conscience," said Paddy, "you've pulled them a year too soon!"

A Good Story Told About Alexander Stephens and Bob Toombs.

A doctor named Royston had sued Pete Bennett for his bill long overdue, for attending the wife of the latter. Alexander H. Stephens was on the Bennett side, and Robert Toombs, then Senator of the United States, was for Dr. Royston. The Dr. proved the number of his visits, their value according to local custom and his own authority to do medical practice. Mr. Stephens told his client that the physician had made out his case, and as there was nothing wherewith to rebut or offset the claim, the only thing left to do was to pay it. "No," said Peter; "I hired you to speak in my case, and now speak."

Mr. Stephens told him there was nothing to say; he had looked on to see that it was made out, and it was.

Peter was obstinate, and at last Mr. Stephens told him to make a speech himself, if he thought one could be made.

"I will," said Peter Bennett, "if Bobby Toombs won't be too hard on me."

Senator Toombs promised, and Peter began:

"Gentlemen of the Jury—You and I is plain farmers, and if we don't stick together these 'ere lawyers and doctors will git the advantage of us. I aint no doctor nor lawyer; ain't no objections to them in their proper place; but they ain't no farmers, gentlemen of the jury.

"Now, this man Royston, was a new doctor and I went for him to come an' to doctor my wife's sore leg. And he come an' put some salve truck onto it and some rags, but never done it one bit of good, gentlemen of the jury. I don't believe he is no doctor, no way. There is doctors as *is* doctors sure enough, but this man don't earn his money; and if you send for him, as Mrs. Sarah Atkinson did, for a negro boy as was worth $1,000, he just kills him, and wants phy for it."

"I don't," thundered the doctor.

"Did you cure him?" asked Peter, with the slow accents of a judge with the black cap on.

The doctor was sayin,' gentlemen of the jury, we farmers when we sell our cotton has got to give vally for the money we ask, and doctors aint too good to be put to the same rule. And I don't believe this Sam. Royston is no doctor, nohow."

The physician again put in his oar, with, "Look at my diploma if you think I am no doctor."

"His diploma!" exclaimed the new-fledged orator with great contempt. "His diploma! Gentlemen, that is a big word for printed sheepskin, and it didn't make no doctor of the sheep as first wore it, nor does it of the man as now carries it. A good newspaper has more in it, and I p'int out to ye that he ain't no doctor at all."

The man of medicine was now in a fury, and screamed out "Ask my patients if I am not a doctor!"

"I asked my wife" reported Peter, "an' she said as how she thought you wasn't."

"Ask my other patients," said Doctor Royston.

This seemed to be the straw that broke the camel's back for Peter replied with look and tone of unutterable sadness:

"That is hard sayin,' gentlemen of the jury, and one that requires me to die or to have power as I've heard tell ceased to be exercised since the Apostles. Does he expect me to bring the Angel Gabriel down to toot his horn before his time and cry aloud, 'Awake, ye dead, and tell this court and jury your own opinion of Royston's practice?' Am I to go to the lonely churchyard and rap on the silent tomb and say to um as is at last at rest from physic and doctor-bills, 'Git up here, you, and state, if you died a natural death, or was hurried up by some doctor?' He says ask his patients, and, gentlemen of the jury, *they are all dead!* Where is Mrs. Beazly's man Sam? Go ask the worms in the graveyard where he lies. Mr. Peake's woman Sarah was attended by him, and her funeral was app'inted, and he had the corpse ready. Where is that likely Bill as belonged to Mr Mitchell? Now in glory a' expressin' his opinion on Royston's doctorin.' Where is that baby gal of Harry Stephens'? She are where doctors cease from troublin' and the infants are at rest.

"Gentlemen of the jury, he has et chicken enough at my house to pay for his salve, and I furnished the rags, and I don't suppose he charges for makin' of her worse, and even he don't pretend to charge for curin' of her, and I am humbly thankful that he never gave nothin' for her inwards, as he did his other patients, for somethin' made um all die mighty sudden"——

Here the applause made the speaker sit down in great confusion, and in spite of a logical restatement of the case by Senator Toombs, the doctor lost and Peter Bennett won.—*N. Y. World.*

Horrible Affair at a Reformatory.

We are informed that the most horrible discoveries have been made in the Jamaica Reformatory for Native Boys, which is situated on a hill about nine miles from Kingston. Some time ago, under the governorship of Sir William Grey, a Baptist clergyman was appointed Superintendent of the Reformatory, with a salary of £400 a year, besides a house and other perquisites. But these appear not to have been sufficient for the reverend gentleman, who applied the food allotted for the four hundred poor boys under his charge to fattening pigs for the market. Meanwhile the little wretches were starved and growing desperate—they actually fought with the pigs for the food thrown to them. The miserable creatures were neglected in every possible way. A nasty insect, called a tick, well known to every traveler in the tropics, burrowed into their feet, and as the doctor had to look after his private patients, the wounds, which, if examined in time, would have been trifling, became so serious that amputation of toes or feet were necessary in no less than eighty cases. Starved and neglected, the lads became unruly. The offenders were then shackled together in pairs and consigned to the cells, where some were forgotten for three days and left without food or drink. All this at last came to light by mere accident. The boys were entrusted with knives to cut down some guinea grass outside, in charge of one warden only; they naturally used their liberty to satisfy the c

The Columbian.

BROOKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, March. 1. 1878.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

While we are amused at the absurd declaration that the issue of our recent town election was that of *labor* against *capital*, it affords us an opportunity to review the situation briefly. First, let us see where the dividing line comes in between the capitalist and the laboring man. It can be defined only in one way, and that is that he who owns a cow and takes care of her on his own premises, and has no desire to let her run at large, is a capitalist, while he who wants to pasture his cattle in his neighbors door yard is the laboring man. This is the inevitable conclusion of their own reasoning, for they claim a victory over "capital" because of the election of a majority in the Town Council in favor of repealing the cattle ordinance.

This is all nonsense. The issue was no more between capital and labor than it was between Christian and Mohammedan. Nor was it a test of popularity between candidates. The issue made by the so-called labor party was simply whether cattle should run at large, and to this everything else was subordinated Although this point was carried it is by no means conclusive of a majority of voters in favor of the repeal of the ordinance. There are men in the town who have, perchance, been arrested for some cause, by the Chief of police, and all these voted against the old council which had put a man in office who dared to do his duty. There are others who wanted to work on the roads, and because the street commissioner did not see fit to employ them they too voted against the council that appointed him. There are many more who never did an honest days work in their lives, but when the opportunity offers itself, are the loudest in denunciation of the oppression of the poor man by the bloated bond-holder. These of course all voted against the party of progress, and one day in the year they are *laboring men*, that is election day. There are printers who call themselves laboring men simply for the purpose of getting a chance to do the town printing, and while talking loudly about the poor man, desire only to put money in their own pockets. These too, vote to let the cows run. And there are men who ally themselves with this party to pull the wool over the eyes of the laboring man, in the hope that it may increase the chances of an appointment as policeman, High constable, Town treasurer or Solicitor. And these are all precious friends of the poor men, who are being used as cat's paws without knowing it. Notwithstanding all these side issues, and the intrigues of schemers who are looking only to self, the innocent cow has the whole burden thrown on her back, and she is made the pack horse on which the election is carried.

If there is a struggle between labor and capital in this town, it is high time the so-called capitalists found it out. If it be true that each vote cast for Mr. Herring was intended as a blow at capital then it is time that those who furnish employment for the laboring class should stop putting bread in the mouths of the treacherous reptile which stings the hand that feeds it. But as we said in the beginning the proposition is an absurd one, and the President of the council elect, will be the first to repudiate the statement that the issue was between capital and labor.

Beamish's Pardon.

A POLITICAL TRADE FOR LUZERNE,

The recommendation of the Board of Pardons in the case of Frank A. Beamish has been approved by Gov. Hartranft, and the papers were mailed last Friday. The recommendation for the pardon was signed by Lieutenant Governor Latta, Secretary of Internal Affairs McCandless and Secretary of the Commonwealth Quay. Attorney General Lear who was not influenced by any such reasons as the others, but looked at the case from the cold standpoint of law and facts, declined to agree in the recommendation. Among those who petitioned for the pardon are Hon. Charles R. Buckalew, and Hon. Stanley Woodward counsel for Beamish Hon. Hendrick B. Wright, Hon. Samuel S. Jones, Hon. D. M. Jones, Hon William N. Monies, Hon. George Judge and twenty clergymen of the Catholic Church, as well as a number who vigorously urged his prosecution. The case has been before the board for six months and the ostensible ground for granting the pardon is the condition of Beamish's wife, who suffers great mental anguish, and with six children, is destitute. It is also contended that Beamish was punished for a graver crime than contemplated in the indictment against him.

The action of the Governor has created a decided sensation. There is a general feeling that it has a political significance, and that Col. Lyon expects to derive substantial benefits from it. Attorney General Lear has no hesitancy in stating that in his opinion the prisoner should remain in the penitentiary. Among the specious pretexts given for the pardon is one that Beamish, having great influence with the riotous elements of Luzerne county, will restore peace to that county. It is stated that the miners are drilling and apparently ready for another outbreak. With Beamish free it is given out that the impending danger could be averted.

Anderson's Sentence.

THE PRISONER SENTENCED TO TWO YEARS HARD LABOR AND COSTS.

NEW ORLEANS, February 25.—Thomas C. Anderson was called before the bar this morning. The motion in arrest of judgment was overruled, and when asked if he had anything to offer before sentence, Anderson said that he considered this case cruel persecution under the forms of law, that he was in the power of the court and ready to receive his sentence.

Judge Whitaker answered that the accused had had a fair trial before an impartial jury, and the verdict was fully justified by the evidence. He then sentenced Anderson, in consequence of the recommendation of the jury to the mercy of the court, to the lowest term under the law—two years hard labor in the penitentiary and costs.

A suspensive appeal was granted, returnable on the 27th.

A motion to transfer the cases of Wells, Kenner and Casnave to the United States court was filed, and will be heard on March 6.

W. W. Callender, son of Philip Callender who was murdered at Hunlock's creek last January, was arrested on the 21st ult., and taken to Wilkesbarre, charged with the premeditated murder of his father. The prisoner who is but 18 years old asserted his innocence, but was committed to prison until last Tuesday when he had a hearing, the result of which we have not yet learned.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Legislative Correspondence.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 27, 1878.

Your Harrisburg Correspondent, owes you and your readers an humble apology for his neglect of the past twoweeks. It was owing to circumstances over which he had no control. With a faithful promise, that his letters whether good bad or indifferent in your estimation shall not again be among the missing, he resumes the broken thread of legislation. The sessions of the past two weeks have been dull and uninteresting. Last week no session was held until Wednesday evening. The calendar of bills on first reading was then taken up in the House and over one hundred bills were read. The absence of a quorum in the Senate prevented that branch of the legislature from holding any session until Thursday morning.

In the House on Friday the whole session was consumed with the consideration of original resolutions which made it quite lively for a while. A summary of Fridays work is as follows:

Mr. Shaffer of Allegheny desired to prohibit bills from being read in place in the House after the first of March. This the House refused to direct. Then Mr. Heller of Lehigh asked and obtained the consent of the House to granting the use of their hall to the Hon. Adam Woolever, to deliver his far famed lecture on the enfranchisement of woman. The request was granted and tonight the Hon. Adam is holding forth to a crowded house, and his remarks are being received with tears of joy,—but to resume our Fridays work, Mr. Faunce of Philadelphia wanted the House to adjourn finally on April 10, but his resolution was sent to the committee on ways and means, and the genial John is confident that there is no way or means by which he can get it out again.

Mr. Schell desired a change in the rules of the House so as to prevent members from recording their votes without rising to remain standing in their places until their names are called and recorded. This is intended to prevent a fraudulent count, and was accordingly laid over for future consideration.

Mr. Huhn, of Philadelphia adorning himself in his old centennial war paint came forward with a resolution, which the House adopted and which the Senate to-day sent to the centenial committee—calling upon Congress to come to the aid of the centennial authorities with an appropriation of one million of dollars.

Being the birth-day of the "Father of His Country" Mr Yeakle wanted the House to adjourn five minutes before the regular time out of respect to the said F. O. H. C. but as this legislature seems to have but very little respect for anything connected with the good of the country, it didn't adjourn even for five minutes.

The Senate has passed a resolution to adjourn *sine die* on March 28 but the resolution upon being messaged to the House was laid to rest in committee along side of Faunce's 10th of April resolution.

Yesterday evening the Senate held a session of about ten minutes passed several bills on first reading and adjourned.

In the House Mr. Souder of Philadelphia from the committee appointed to draft resolutions on the death of Harry O'Neill late member from the fourth district of Philadelphia reported a preamble and resolutions which after appropriate speeches by Messrs. Souder, Huhn, Long & Zern were unanimously adopted. The House then adjourned without doing any business, out of respect to the memory of the deceased member. At the close of this session the "Immortal" "I N." who was present in the lobby was called upon for a speech and responding, he entertained the members for half an hour or more. He gave some home thrusts of a political nature—to both sides of the House which were much enjoyed.

To-day has been marked with little of importance in legislation—excepting the temporary defeat of the Philadelphia recorders bill. It fell in the House for want of a constitutional vote—the yeas were 94, and the nays 77. A political admixture in the vote was somewhat of a surprise. Among the yeas were seven democrats mostly from Philadelphia, while among the nays were sixteen republicans.

This bill will be taken up again in the House, when that number in which safety lies, is present.

B.

Thomas P. Fisher Respited.

SOME NEW EVIDENCE.

Alias Death Warrants of Hester, Tully and McHugh signed by the Governor.

A respite of thirty days was granted by the Governor last Friday to Thomas P. Fisher, who was to be hanged on Tuesday last at Mauch Chunk, on the strength of an affidavit made by a man who avers that when Morgan Powell was killed Fisher was in his company at a hotel. The reason given for the delay in making this statement is that he was afraid that if he testified to the fact during the trial his life would be in danger owing to the bitter feeling against the Mollie Maguires. The affidavit conflicts with the testimony of two accomplices in the murder, who stated that Fisher pointed out Powell to Yellow Jack Donahue, who fired the fatal shot.

At the next meeting of the Board of Pardons, on the first Tuesday in March, the new matter furnished will be examined, and if the statement be accepted as true the prisoner's sentence will be commuted to imprisonment for life. Alias death warrants have been issued for the execution of Patrick Hester, Peter McHugh and Patrick Tully, on March 25, and death warrants for the execution of John Kehoe and Dennis Donnelly, on April 18, 1878.

The cases of Hester, Tully and McHugh will be presented to the Board of Pardons next week.

Wahlen, the Elm Station murderer, convicted of the murder of Max Hoehne in Montgomery county, cheated the gallows by hanging himself in his cell on last Saturday night. He made a rope out of the bed clothes, tore a piece of iron from the cell heater, fastened the rope to the cross bar in the window, kicked a chair from under him and struck himself on the head with the iron at the same time. When found he was dead and his skull broken.

Judge Whitaker has rendered a decision upon the motion for a new trial in the case of Thomas C. Anderson, the convicted member of the Louisiana state returning board. He holds that the verdict is in accordance with the evidence and refuses to grant a new trial.

The Silver Bill passed the House last week Thursday with the Senate amendments, by more than a two-thirds vote. The President may veto the bill, but if he does it will be passed over his head, by a large majority in both branches of Congress. The full text of the bill was published last week.

Croup, the scourge of thousands that has brought sorrow and death to so many households can be cured by the timely use of Dr. Coxe's Wild Cherry and Seneka. It will not fail. Price 25 and 50 cents.

WESTERN LETTER.

CARTHAGE, Jasper Co., Mo., February 26, 1878.

EDITORS COLUMBIAN

Dear Sirs:—In my last letter I promised your readers a brief description of Carthage and other towns in the "Southwest." In this letter space will only permit me to give a description of the "Queen City of the Southwest," CARTHAGE, the county seat of Jasper county, Mo. It was laid out as a town and became the county seat in 1842. Its location is on Spring river and on an eminence near the centre of the county, commanding a splendid view of the surrounding country for miles. The growth of the town was slow but sure, both in population and wealth, until at the beginning of the rebellion, when it numbered a population of 500. At that time it was devoid of church buildings (regular preaching was held at the court house every Sunday) and school houses, save one small building, I believe; and it had no stage line connection with the outside world, except a daily mail carried on horseback from Sarcoxie, the mother town of Jasper county, 15 miles distant.

This is the place where the famous battle between Gen. Franz Sigel, of the Union forces, and Gen. Stirling Price, of the Confederate forces, was fought, known as the "battle of Carthage." The town was completely devastated and depopulated during the war, and I am informed only five dwellings escaped destruction. Up to the conclusion of the war the town remained a desolate and silent place: the public square and streets were deserted, save by the wolf and deer, and wandering bands of marauders passing through.

After the war the town began to settle again and improved and prospered until it has gained the reputation of the "Queen City of the Southwest." Its prosperity now rests upon a sound and substantial basis. Spring river, which flows by the city and northwest, is finely adapted for manufacturing purposes, and the farming land surrounding is of the best quality and very productive, and plenty of it. The city can boast of the best flouring mill in the State outside of St. Louis, located on the above named river. The capacity of this mill is over 1,000 bushels per week, and was built at a cost of $40,000. Two other excellent flouring mills, a woolen mill, two foundries, four wagon shops, manufacturing as good a wagon as can be found anywhere in Pennsylvania, and a plow factory, are in successful operation and constantly kept busy despite the hard times. A furniture manufactory is successfully and extensiveyl carried on by Leidy Bros. & Co. The former are Columbia county men, well known by a large number of your readers. They came here several years ago, started in the business in connection with Mr. John Bottenfield, a gentleman in every respect and an experienced business man, from Ohio, and being men of enterprise established for themselves an extensive business, and, I am glad to say, they enjoy the confidence of the people. Their factory is large, as also is their retail and wholesale department. There are four banks here doing a general banking and exchange business in all its branches, and all have the confidence of the people. The public school building is an imposing structure, and was built at a cost of $35,000. There are also a Public Library, seven churches, M. E., Baptist, Congregational, Episcopal, Presbyterian, Christian, and M. E. Church South: and four weekly newspapers and two dailies, the *Banner*, (Rep.) morning and weekly. *Patriot*, (Dem.) evening and weekly, *Press*, (Ind.) weekly, and the *Advance*, (neutral) weekly. All are live and well supported newspapers and ably edited. The different secret societies are also well represented.

The city contains quite a number of commodious brick business buildings, together with a handsome Opera House just completed, located in the public square in the centre of the city: the square is very much like that of Wilkesbarre, Pa. The public buildings, court house and jail, are not as substantial as they should be, but the city is young and is excusable for the present. The residences are fine and tidy, and were built. it is plainly seen for comfort. The city is rapidly filling up with eastern people and now contains a population of about 6,000.

I have omitted many things that would be interesting to the readers of the COLUMBIAN, but it will take up too much space and I hope this will suffice for the present. One word, I advise the mechanic and laborer not to come west for the present to seek work. Stay at home if you have employment, even at small wages. As for the farmers—let them come by the hundreds, they are wanted here.

Respectfully,

H. H. RUTTER.

An Explanation.

EDITORS COLUMBIAN: In your remarks of last week on the County Statement you were somewhat in error.

1. The statement gives the amount of taxes assessed for 1877, and the amount still due. The difference between these two is the amount paid which is greater than that unpaid.

Your idea that taxes should be paid sooner than they are is, I think good. The northern counties of this State generally have their county collectors settle their duplicates by the first of January each year, but in the rest of the State it rarely if ever happens.

2. You seem not to understand why the Treasurer is charged with $13,433. when only $3761. was due from collectors prior to 1877. This $13,433 is the amount uncollected at the end of the year 1876 and charged against the Treasurer at the beginning of 1877, and the $2761 is what remained unpaid out of the $13,433 at the end of the year 1877.

3. As to the $100. charge on dog fund, I think right. It is charged against the dog fund and thrown into the county fund. The dog and county statements show it.

No orders are drawn on the dog fund for anything except sheep damage and the County bears all expenses; such as paying assessors, paying for blanks, &c., and the printing of the dog fund statement, auditing accounts, and all other matters incident to conducting the fund.

4. As to exonerations, no doubt that many are larger than they should be. As to the Bloom exonerations for the year 1876, you give the amount $19—the statement shows $19.20, but $42.01 was made during 1876, and that with the $19.20 makes $67.21 upon a County and State tax of $3405.64. So it compares favorably with other districts unless it be Centralia and Conyngham. These amounts also include returns of seated land.

The Commissioners intend, as soon as all exonerations for 1877 are taken, to publish a list, so the public and all interested can see who are exonerated.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.

Score one for Dr. Mary Walker. The supreme court of Pennsylvania has decided, in the case of the young lady who was injured in a Philadelphia street car, and who alleged in rebuttal that her stays were so tight she couldn't hold to the strap which hung over her head—that the condition of muscular helpless that some women get themselves into, by reason of the wonderful intricacies of dress arrangements, are questions of fact for juries and not questions of law for judges, when such issues get into court. This is what the Chief Justice said: "Possibly a woman may be so fantastically and foolishly hooped, wired and pinned up, as to deprive her of her natural power to help herself; but if so, the question is one of fact, and not of law, and so we incline to leave it, instead of imposing upon our brethren below the difficult duty of prying into the artificial stays of the plaintiff's case."—*Ex.*

The Reason Why.

We are often asked by well-meaning persons, says the Lewisburg "Chronicle," why they have to pay higher prices for country newspapers than for those printed in the cities? "Why do you charge two dollars for the "Chronicle," when I can get the New York Sockdologer—a bigger paper—for a dollar and a half?" We will try to clear up this mystery. Suppose the Chronicle has a cash subscription list of one thousand at $2.00—that makes $2,000. Well now, suppose the New York Sockdologer, or whatever paper you choose for a comparison, has a paying list of 100,000, at $1.50—that makes $150,000. Now, suppose this paper has a profit of but ten cents—that clears the publisher $10,000. Now suppose the Chronicle realizes that per centage, and no more—that would make a sum of $100 This latter amount would compel a printer to live very "thin" himself, and squander nothing on his family; while his city colemporary could wax as fat as Jeshurun. You see the necessity of a country printer charging more than a city printer, now, don't you? A paper the size of the Chronicle, with its circulation and price, couldn't live over night in a city.

The penetrating winds incident to this season of the year are a severe ordeal for the lungs. The neglect of a hard cough generally leads to a weakness of the lungs, which, not infrequently, results in Consumption.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP will at once relieve and loosen a tight cough and is such an agreeable remedy that children will take it without being coaxed. A cold on the lungs, if consumption is not already developed, may be easily mastered by the use of the Pulmonic Syrup, together with Schenck's Mandrake Pills to clear the system of the accumulated mucus.

In more serious cases, where the disease has become deeply seated, and the patient suffers from loss of appetite, weakness and emaciation, Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic should be used in connection with the above mentioned remedies, to stimulate the appetite and bring the digestive powers into healthy action, thereby sustaining the strength of the patient and enabling him to resist the progress of the disease until the Pulmonic Syrup may perform its healing and cleansing work.

The use of these standard remedies according to the directions which accompany them, cannot fail to produce most satisfactory results. A letter addressed to Dr. Schenck cor. Sixth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, asking advice, will promptly receive the Doctor's personal attention, free or charge.

Schenck's Medicines are for sale by All Druggists, March.

The Great Discovery!

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON. For the cure of weak stomach, general debility, indigestion, disease of the nervous system, constipation, acidity of the stomach, and all cases requiring a tonic.

The wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess. Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow peruvian Bark.

The effect in many cases of debility, loss of appetite, and general prostration, of an efficient Salt of Iron combined with valuable Nerve tonic, is most happy. It augments the appetite, raises the pulse, takes off muscular flabbiness, removes the pallor of debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

Do you want something to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy? Do you want to sleep well? Do you want brisk and vigorous feelings? If you do, try Kunkel's Wine of Iron.

This valuable tonic has been thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable Tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other make. Sold only in $1 bottles. All others are counterfeit, so beware of them.

Buy six bottles for $5.00

Worms Removed Alive.

E. F. Kunkel's worm syrup never fails to destroy Pin Seat and Stomach worms. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful physician in this country for the removal of worms. He removes Tape worm, with head and all complete, alive in 2 hours, and no fee until removed. Send for circular, or call on your Druggist, and get a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1.00. It never fails.

"GERMAN SYRUP"

No other medicine in the world was ever given such a test of its curative qualities as Boschee's German Syrup. In three years two million four hundred thousand small bottles of this medicine was distributed *free of charge* by Druggists in this country to those afflicted with Consumption, Asthma, Croup, Severe Coughs, Pneumonia and other diseases of the throat and lungs, giving the American people undeniable proof that German Syrup will cure them. The result has been that druggists in every town and village in the United States are recommending it to their customers. Go to your druggists and ask what they know about it. Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Three doses will relieve any case.

April 27, '77-1y jl

Marriages.

MOORE—ROZELL.—In Orangeville on the 11th ult., by Rev. Henry S. Mendenhall, Mr. Eli C. Moore of Cole's Creek to Miss Arista A. Rozell of Benton.

BEST—BLOOMFIELD.—On the 16th ult., at the M. E. Parsonage in Bloomsburg, by Rev. L. Smyser, Mr David C. Best and Miss Susie Bloomfield, both of Milton, Pa.

Deaths.

HOOPER.—In Bloomsburg on the 15th ult., Mrs. Nancy, wife of John Hooper, in the 79th year of her age.

RUNYAN.—Near Jerseytown on the 5th ult., Mr John Runyan, aged 80 years, 11 months and 3 days.

MELLICK.—In Mt. Pleasant on the 11th ult., Godfrey Mellick, aged 74 years, 2 months and 10 days.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.40
Rye "	.70
Corn, new, "	.50
Oats " "	.26
Flour per barrel	6.00
Cloverseed "	
Flaxseed "	1.50
Butter	.25
Eggs	.15
Tallow	.06
Potatoes	.35
Dried Apples	.8
Hams	.12
Sides & Shoulders	.10
Lard per pound	.09
Hay per ton	10.00
Beeswax	.26
Timothy seed	2.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 5.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 4.75 " "
No. 6 " "	$ 3.00 "
Blacksmith's Lutup on Wharf	$ 3.00 "
" Bituminous "	$4 50 "

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

In the matter of the } In the Court of Common Pleas
Estate of Margaret } of Columbia county.
Porter, a lunatic. }

Citation to show cause why certain sale of real estate made by said lunatic should not be rescinded.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

To William Fortner, husband of said Margaret Fortner; William Parker and Mary E. his wife; Pierce Lunger and Ann his wife, and William R. Demott, guardian ad litem of Emma Fortner and Clark Fortner:

At the instance of James Masters and Conrad Kreamer, Committee of Margaret Fortner, a lunatic and Asgy J. Layton and Rebecca Layton his wife, representing that on the 10th day of April A. D., 1877, said Margaret Fortner by deed did grant bargain and sell unto the said Rebecca Layton a certain tract of land situate in the township of Madison in said county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania containing forty-nine acres and one hundred and fifty-six perches more or less in fee simple with the appurtenances: And on the said 10th day of April, A. D., 1877, the said Asgy J. Layton and Rebecca his wife by their deed acknowledged the same day, granted, bargained and sold unto the said Margaret Fortner a like certain lot or tract of ground situate in the Borough of Muncy, Lycoming county and state of Pennsylvania containing one square feet with the appurtenances in fee simple, the said deeds being made to exchange the said lands. That since the making of said deeds the said Margaret Fortner has been found by inquisition taken on the 24th day of December last a lunatic and to have been a lunatic for 18 years last past without lucid intervals.

Therefore you and each of you laying aside all business and excuses whatsoever, are hereby cited to appear before our Court of Common Pleas at Bloomsburg in and for said county the first Monday of May next to show cause why a decree for the rescinding of the aforesaid deeds and a reconveyance of the said lands should not be made, if such proceeding shall not be disadvantageous to the estate of the said Margaret Fortner upon such terms as shall be equitable and just.

Witness the Honorable William Elwell President Judge of our said Court at Bloomsburg, this nineteenth day of February, A. D., 1878.

H. FRANK ZARR, Prothy.

march 1, '78-4w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GLAD TIDINGS FOR THE WEAK, NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED.

OUR LATEST IMPROVED SELF-ACTING GALVANIC APPLIANCES are a speedy and PERMANENT cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney, Liver and Female Complaints, Nervous Prostration, Weak Lungs, Back and Spinal Irritation and Kindred diseases. Prices, Waist Belt $5.00; Spinal Belt for Paralysis and Spinal Ailments, $10.00, and upwards. Armlets, Anklets, Head Bands, Knee Caps, $2.00 each, Suspenders $5.00. Illustrated Pamphlet Free. Address GALVANO-MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 27 East Ninth St., New York.

march 1, 1878-1y

Dauchy & Co's. Advt's.

PIANOS Retail price $800 only $260 Parlor Organs, price $375 only $105. Paper free. D. F. BEATTY, Washington, N.J. feb 1, 78-4w d

IF YOU Want a FARM or HOME, with independence and plenty in your old age THE BEST THING IN THE WEST IS THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE R.R. LANDS IN KANSAS.

Circulars with Map, giving full information, free. Address A. S. Johnson, Act'g Land Com'r, Topeka, Ks. mar 1-4w d

TEMPERANCE REFORM AND ITS GREAT REFORMERS.

BY REV. W. H. DANIELS, A. M.

Profusely illustrated with Portraits and Sketches and containing over 600 Pages.

A WHOLE TEMPERANCE LIBRARY IN A SINGLE VOLUME. Agents Wanted Everywhere. Address for extra Terms and Circulars, NELSON & PHILLIPS, 805 Broadway, New York. mar 1-4w d

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco!

A warded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of smoothing and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our fine strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's first is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for circulars, free, to C. A. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

G. F. WARDLE, General Agt., Philadelphia. mar 1, '78 4w d

AGENTS WANTED Everywhere, Instantly! for CONQUEST OF TURKEY!! By the gifted authors, Dr. L. P. Brockett, and Hon. P. C. Bliss. The complete and thrilling history of the fall of an Empire, after 500 years of bitter strife. Graphic descriptions of terrible battles, exciting all Europe. Positively the fastest and cheapest work, only $250, but splendidly illustrated. Grandest chance to coin money now offered. For full particulars, address HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., 723 Sansom St., Phila., Pa. d mar 1-4w

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE Real Estate!!

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Administrators &c., of Michael Grover, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, said county, dec'd., will expose to public sale o the premises on

Friday, March 15, 1878,

commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m., a Tract of Land situate in Main township, said county of Columbia, containing

102 ACRES,

more or less, adjoining lands of Aaron Masteller, Aaron Miller and others, and a public road, whereon are erected a

TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE,

Good Bank Barn, Wagon House and Corn Crib, good out-buildings, good spring and spring house, good water on the premises.

GOOD APPLE ORCHARD,

and other fruit trees. Land in a good state of cultivation. A public road runs through the land and one on north side: convenient to school and church.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at confirmation absolute, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi. Tenants share of grain in the ground to be reserved. Deed to be delivered at expense of purchaser.

AARON GROVER, JOSHUA PETERMAN, Administrators.

feb. 22, 78-ts

BOOK 33 newest and most popular SONGS, with writings of instruction and amusement; also a list of all the battles, when and where fought during the war, for 3c stamp. Address DESMOND & Co., 915 Race st., Phila. jw&co feb. 22, '77-1m

Orphans' Court Sale OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

John Hunsinger, Administrator of Gideon Hunsinger, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

SATURDAY, MARCH 16th, 1878,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate to wit: All that certain messuage and

TRACT OF LAND

(being tract No. 1.) situate in Beaver township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone in a public road in Scotch Valley, thence along said road north seventy-three degrees, east fifty-seven and one-tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of Geo. P. Dreisbach north ten degrees west, one hundred and forty-six perches to a stone, thence south seventy-five degrees east, one hundred and forty-eight perches to the place of beginning, containing

50 ACRES,

strict measure, with the appurtenances.

Tract No. 2, a certain piece or parcel of land situate in Beaver township aforesaid, bounded on the east by Aaron Dreisbach, on the north by Columbia Coal and Iron Company, on the west by other land of said Gideon Hunsinger, deceased, and on the south by land of Francis Crouse, containing

FORTY ACRES

with the appurtenances,

TERMS OF SALE.—One-fourth upon the striking down of the property, one-fourth upon the confirmation of the sale, and the remaining one-half in one year thereafter.

JOHN HUNSINGER, Administrator.

feb. 22, 78-ts

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL AT MARCH TERM, 1878.

FIRST WEEK.

Samuel J. Case vs. Jonas Doty.
Wilson Gibbons vs. Jonas Doty.
C. P. Davis vs. Jonas Doty.
Reuben Kisner vs. Millers & Seybert.
Brockway and Ent vs. J. Mille Hauh.
Peter Knecht vs. Samuel Schweppenheiser et. al.
Henry C. Conner vs. Emanuel Conner's Adm'r.
Edward Geraghty vs. Conyngham township.
Philip Appleman vs. W. H. Crawford.
Nathan Ursasy vs. Charles Maurer et. al.
Aaron Dreisbach vs. Simon Shollhammer et. al.
Ezra S. Lyons vs J. B. Eves.
Jacob Evans' Ex'r. vs. Thomas E. Geddis et. al.
Samuel Kiger vs. Francis Evans.
David J. Waller vs. George Weaver's Ex'rs.
Bloomsburg Lumber Co. vs. William Morris et. al.
Bloomsburg Lumber Co. vs. William Morris et. ux.
William Hinsville vs. Peter Ent's Administrator.
E. D. Adams vs. John Seybert.
Mary George vs. James Morrison
Daniel Leiby et. al. vs. Henry Knapp et. al.
Sarah Caul vs. Samuel and Emma Reppert.
J. R. Jamison vs. M. Grover's admr's
M. Grover's admr's. vs. H. D. Knorr.
Augustus Lengert vs. Daniel Everhart.
Bernard Ammerman vs. M. C. Johnson et ux.

SECOND WEEK.

Niel Lenthen vs. Conyngham and Centralia Poor District.
John B. Scott vs. Bernhard Stohner.
Simon Robbins vs. William Mastetler.
C. B. Brockway vs. First National Bank of Berwick
Lewis Mochenberg vs. Andrew Boyer
William Snyder's Exr's vs Valentine Bildeman
C. W. Thompson vs Bernhard Stohner
United States Fanning Mill Company vs Franklin Yocum
Thomas Knorr's ex'r vs. C. A. Knorr et al.
Permelia Koons vs. Seltzer & Miller.
Conrad Swank vs. Daniel Swank.
Matthias Shaffer vs John McDowell's adm'r
George W. Davis vs. Conyngham and Centralia Poor District.
Henry J. Edwards vs. William Walp.
William Kingston vs. Montgomery Cox.
Patrick Byrnes vs. Conyngham and Centralia Poor District.
William Kingston vs. Montgomery Cox et. ux.
Elijah Lemons vs. Heller & Eves.
Elijah Lemons vs. A. P. Heller.
Elijah Lemons vs. C. W. Eves.
John Schell vs. John Hinderliter et. al.
Jacob Johnson vs. Robert S. Ent.
Henry Nagle vs. Bloomsburg Lumber Co.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House at two o'clock p. m., on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1878,

A certain lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows: bounded northwardly and eastwardly by an alley, southwardly by lot of M. C. Woodward, and westwardly by East street, being 66 feet front and 197 feet deep more or less, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, stable and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to sold as the property of Casper Kressler.

ALSO,

All those certain four tracts of land situate in Beaver township, Columbia county, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: One of them beginning at a post at the south-west corner of a tract of land surveyed on a warrant to Catharine Longenberger, thence by the said Catharine Longenberger tract north sixteen degrees west two hundred and seventy-two perches to a post, thence north twenty-one degrees west one hundred and twelve perches to a post, thence by land surveyed in the name of Thomas Lemon south seventy degrees west one hundred and sixty perches to a post, thence by land surveyed in the name of Daniel Neyer north sixteen and a half degrees east three hundred and seventy-nine perches to a post, thence north seventy-eight degrees east eighty-four perches to a post, thence by land of Jesse Brooks north twelve degrees west eighteen perches to a red oak, thence by land in the name of Jesse Brooks north seventy-eight degrees east eighty perches to a post, the place of beginning; containing three hundred and seventy-two and three-fourth acres, and allowances, more or less. Surveyed on warrant to Andrew Clark, dated the 23d day of August, 1793.

2d.—One other of them, beginning at a post, the south-west corner of the above described tract surveyed on a warrant to Andrew Clark, thence by the western line of said Andrew Clark tract north sixteen and a half degrees west three hundred and seventy nine perches to a post, thence by land surveyed on warrant to Mary Scott and Jacob Neyer south seventy and a half degrees west eighty perches to a stone, thence by land surveyed in the name of the said Jacob Neyer south seventy-four and a fourth degrees west one hundred and twenty-nine perches to a pine, thence by land surveyed on warrant to Benjamin Syock south twenty-six degrees east one hundred and twenty-five perches to a pine, thence by land surveyed on a warrant to George Neyer south thirteen degrees east two hundred and sixty-nine and five tenth perches to a post, thence by land surveyed on a warrant to John Barron, Jr., north seventy-eight degrees east one hundred and six perches to a hickory, thence by land surveyed in the name of Jesse Brooks north 12 degrees west twenty-eight perches to a post, thence by the same north seventy-eight degrees east ninety-six perches to a post, the place of beginning; containing four hundred and forty-two and a half acres, more or less, being the same tract of land surveyed on warrant to Daniel Neyer dated 23d of August, 1793.

3.—One other of them, beginning at a post, the south-west corner of the last above described tract surveyed on warrant to Daniel Neyer and thence by the said Daniel Neyer north thirteen degrees west two hundred and sixty-nine and five-tenth perches to a pine, thence by land of Benjamin Syock south sixty-four degrees west to the line dividing a part of this tract sold to Jacob Hasler, thence by the said land of Jacob Hasler to the northern line of land surveyed on warrant to John Barron, Jr., thence by the same north seventy-eight degrees east to a post the place of beginning; containing two hundred and sixty-nine and three-fourths acres more or less, being a part of a tract of land surveyed on a warrant to George Neyer dated 23d of August, 1793.

4.—And the other of them beginning at stones in a line separating it from lands surveyed on a warrant to Benjamin Syock, thence north eight and a half degrees west three hundred and thirty-three and four-tenths perches to a stone, thence south eighty-three and a half degrees east two hundred and eighteen perches to a stone, thence by land surveyed on a warrant to Mary Scott south thirty-three degrees east two hundred and fifty-eight perches to stones, thence by land surveyed on a warrant to Daniel Neyer south 74 and a fourth degrees west one hundred and twenty-nine perches to a pine thence by land surveyed on a warrant to Benjamin Syock south seventy-three degrees west two hundred and thirty-three perches to the place of beginning; containing four hundred and forty acres, more or less. it being the same tract of land surveyed on warrant to George Neyer.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of the Danville, Hazleton & Wilkesbarre Railroad Company.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of ground situate in Roaringcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by land of Abram Rice, on the south by land of Conrad Housman, on the west by land of Michael Strauser and William Yeager and on the east by land of Ephraim Liby, containing seventy-three acres more or less on which are erected a dwelling house, barn and out-buildings.

ALSO,

One other piece of land bounded on the north by land of Jacob Strauser, on the west by land of Solomon Strauser, on the south by land of Peter Hower and on the east by land of Conrad Housman and William Yeager containing eighteen acres.

ALSO,

One other piece of land bounded on the north by lands of Judge Cox, on the west by land of Solomon Strauser on the south by land of Abram Rice and on the east by land of Abram Rice and Leonard Adams, containing 15 acres.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of David R. Hower.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Briarcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to wit: Bounded on the north by land of James Doty and others, on the east by land of Joseph Stackhouse, south by land of the heirs of S. F. Headly and on the west by land of Owen Suit, containing three hundred acres more or less about thirty acres cleared land and the balance well timbered, on which is erected a small stable.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John Seybert.

ALSO,

All that certain lot

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1878

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,	6.48 A. M.	7.32 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.40 P. M
Express Train	1.50 P. M.	11.57 A. M
" "	6.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.48 A. M.	7.37 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.53 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

Rev. Prof. Walter E. Krebs preached in the Reformed church last Sunday.

Next Wednesday is Ash Wednesday, the first day of Lent.

March 17th is St. Patr'ck's Day. All the places of business in town will be closed.

John Ikeler of Van Camp and family have removed to Three Rivers, Michigan where they will take up their residence.

Augustus Wilson of Greenwood has removed to Kearney Junction, Buffalo county, Nebraska.

There will be a Masque Ball at Cadman's hall on the evening of March 4th. "Maskewe" are growing fashionable.

Rev. O. D. S. Barclay of Ashland has accepted a call to the Lutheran Church of this place, and will remove here shortly.

Sheriff Hoffman took young Mowrer, convicted of forgery at February court, to the penitentiary last week.

From the Adjutant General's Report we learn that Columbia county has 3,221 militia enrolled and subject to military duty.

Hon. E. J. McHenry will please accept our thanks for copies of the reports of the Adjutant General, State Treasurer, and Superintendent of Public Instruction for 1877.

From Main to Mexico, the farmers speak in praise of the great medicinal worth of Fonte's Horse and Cattle Powders. They speak from experience.

TEMPERANCE MEETINGS.—Hereafter the Gospel Temperance Meetings will be held on Tuesday evenings. That of next week will meet at the Baptist Church at 7:30 p. m.

Barney Stohner has removed to his farm in Mt. Pleasant, and J. L. Girton has taken charge of the hotel recently kept by Stohner. Mr. Girton is well known by travelling men, and will undoubtedly keep a hotel worthy of a fair share of public patronage.

The dwelling house of Jarius Harrison, near Jonestown, Columbia county was burned, with all its contents, on Wednesday morning of last week. This is a severe loss to Mr. Harrison, as there was no insurance on the property.—*Echo.*

That old and popular remedy, familiar in every household throughout the land, known as Dr. Coxe's Hive Syrup, is now superceded by Dr. Coxe's Wild Cherry and Seneca which ranks above all other medicine for coughs, colds, and croup.

Thursday the 21st ult. was the day fixed for the hearing in the Williamsport Bond case, but as on several previous occasions, counsel on both sides notified Judge Elwell that it was impossible for them to attend, and asked for a continuance. The case will be heard at March Court.

A correspondent of the Shickshinny *Echo* says that there are no saloon keepers in the country who attempt to conduct their places more strictly in accordance with the law than the Gilmore boys do. This is perfectly true. In addition to their being law abiding citizens they keep the nicest and freshest of oysters to be found outside the cities.

From January 1st 1877 to January 1st 1878 the COLUMBIAN office averaged one job for every working day. Making in all over 100,000 impressions. Although not large, this is good for the hard times, and shows that the people know where to get their printing done in the neatest manner and at the lowest rates.

Mr. James Corrie, Dentist, in Baltimore, writes: "I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup personally and in my family for two or three years, and I am prepared to say that there is nothing to compare to it as a remedy for coughs Colds, etc."

Representative Brown on Tuesday last introduced a bill into the House "repealing the act authorizing the selection of borough officers in pursuance of an act to define the limits and organize the town of Bloomsburg.

We are not informed as to the full meaning of the bill. Will one of our members send us a copy when printed?

We have just received from the publishers a new wall map, size—4 feet by 6 feet. It is beautifully colored by counties—and contains every post-office in the state, by the latest authorities—correctly locates the rivers, mountains, railroads, and canals, and is complete in every particular. It is printed on fine paper, securely mounted on strong muslin and on rollers, and will be furnished at the low price of $6.00, Net by J. H. Butler & Co. Philadelphia.

Every school and home should have a copy.

Esquire Morris' court was crowded on Monday morning to hear a suit between Samuel Ale and M. Wynkoop to recover the difference between a bid for a mare at public sale, and the price she brought on a resale, the purchaser Wynkoop having refused to comply with his bid. T. J. Vanderslice, Esq., appeared for the plaintiff and J. B. Robison, Esq., for the defendant. Eighteen witnesses were examined, and after argument on both sides the justice reserved his decision until Thursday morning at ten o'clock.

Persons who were elected Justices of the Peace at the election will do well to bear in mind that it is necessary that all those elected to this office notify the Prothonotary of their acceptance of the same, within thirty days after the election, and also whether their election is to fill a vacancy by expiration of term or resignation, as well as the name of him who formerly held the office. This is made necessary in order that the Prothonotary may be enabled to notify the Secretary of State, and prevent delay in receiving commissions, as in no case will notice of election be given until this information is received.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Court convened on Thursday, the 21st of February pursuant to adjournment, mainly for the purpose of hearing the matter of attachment against the Williamsport councils, but on applications of counsel on both sides the hearing was continued to March 15th.

Brockway & Elwell vs. Conyngham township. Case stated. Opinion of Court filed. Judgment for defendant.

A W Kreamer vs. Pottsville Fire Insurance Company. Service set aside.

L. Kinley vs. N. S. Campbell. Motion for a new trial overruled.

Lunacy of Levi Miller. Finding of commission superseded.

In the matter of the Auditor's report in estate of Geo. F. Watson. Exceptions dismissed and report confirmed.

At this time an unusual number of persons troubled with coughs and colds come to our knowledge, which might be wonderfully decreased by the more general use of that well-known remedy, Dr. Hass' Expectorant.

A lot of men who do not know what they are talking about in discussing the Silver Bill say that the Standard Dollar is worth only 90 cents. Now to such we would say, bring on your silver dollars and we will give you more than that in greenbacks. If you have any to sell at 95 we will buy.

Rudolph Yeager of Slabtown was arrested by Deputy United States Marshal T. E. Geddis on the 18th of February on a charge of carrying on the business of a retail dealer in liquors and manufacturer cigars, not having paid the special tax im osed by law. He was brought before U. S. Commissioner Smith, and gave bail in the sum of $3,000 for his appearance on the 23d, at which time after a hearing he was bound over for trial in the United States District Court, and committed to the Columbia county jail for safe keeping. Col. Knorr appeared for the government, and O. B. Melick for the prisoner.

A CAMPAIGN SLANDER.

When Dr. R. V. Pierce was a candidate for State Senator, his political opponents published a pretended analysis of his popular medicines hoping thereby to prejudice the people against him. His election by an overwhelming majority severely rebuked his traducers, who sought to impeach his business integrity. No notice would have been taken of these campaign lies were it not that some of his enemies (and every successful business man has his full quota of envious rivals) are republishing these bogus analyses. Numerous and most absurd formulas have been published, purporting to come from high authority; and it is a significant fact that no two have been at all alike—conclusively proving the dishonesty of their authors.

In years past New York was supposed to lead the country in the amount of business transacted and in the skill with which her merchants attracted orders and customers from all parts of the Union. In those days, now past, all foreign steamers landed at her wharves, and she had some advantages over her sister city of Philadelphia, which do not now exist.

The only line of steamers carrying the American flag sails weekly from and to Philadelphia and her merchants receive their foreign shipments direct, without the delays incident to the New York custom house. In the matter of filling orders by mail, which now has grown to be such an immense business, Messrs. Strawbridge & Clothier, of Philadelphia, are leading the country.

The promptness with which orders for dry goods and requests for samples are filled by this wide-awake house is surprising. A letter addressed to this firm, instead of having to wait its turn, is answered by return mail, and all orders executed, not only satisfactorily and immediately, but at prices with which few houses can compete. New York will have to look to its laurels if its merchants expect to keep abreast of such a Philadelphia house as that of Strawbridge & Clothier,

FRECK VS. LOCUST MOUNTAIN COAL CO.

The case of Joseph M. Freck vs. the Locust Mountain Coal & Iron Company was argued in the Supreme Court recently. It is an action in trespass brought by the company against Mr. Freck. The latter leased certain lands for a term of ten years in Centralia from the Locust Mountain Coal & Iron Company, with the right to dig, mine and take away coal from specified limits in the Centreville basin in Columbia county. In 1870 the lease expired and the property reverted to the company, when it is alleged to have been discovered that in the course of his workings Mr. Freck had worked beyond the limit of his lease and thus injured the Centralia mine, which is owned by the Locust Mountain Coal Company. The case was previously tried in the Court o Common Pleas No. 2 of Philadelphia, and under the charge of the Court a verdict of damages in the sum of $17,000 was rendered against Freck and in favor of the company. The case was removed to the Supreme Court by Mr. Freck on assignments of error. The case was concluded, but a decision will probably not be rendered for some time to come.—*Pottsville Chronicle.*

READING THE DEATH WARRANTS.

Last week Sheriff Hoffman received from Gov. Hartranft the death warrants of Hester, Tully and McHugh. R. R. Little, District Attorney, and C. B. Brockway, one of the counsel for the prisoners accompanied the Sheriff to the jail last Wednesday evening to read them to the prisoners. The party first entered the cell of Patrick Tully. He was cool and collected, but before the Sheriff commenced reading the fatal document, requested leave to light his pipe. The party next proceeded to the cell of Peter McHugh. He is still chained to the floor in consequence of his attempted escape some time ago. He listened patiently and without emotion to the reading of the warrant. Hester's cell was next visited. He apologized for the lack of chairs, and was as courteous as if the Sheriff had brought him a pardon. The three men expressed their thanks to the Sheriff for the quiet and modest manner in which he had performed his duty, and for excluding the large number who requested to be present at the reading of the warrants. The Sheriff is entitled to credit for respecting their wishes. It is certainly a depraved taste that would gloat on the misery of three human beings on the verge of death, and such morbid curiosity should be restrained.

LIST OF PETIT JURORS FOR MARCH TERM, 1878.

SECOND MONDAY.

Bloom—David Armstrong, N. S. Pursell, Frank McBride, E. B. Bidleman; Beaver—Jesse Rittenhouse, Frank Rhodes; Benton—L. B. Stiles, Wm. Ash. Samuel Appleman, Daniel Shultz; Berwick—Benjamin Hicks, Wm. H. Stackhouse; Briarcreek—Wm. Hippensteel; Catawissa—John S. Mensch, C. P. Pfahler, Jacob Federolf, M. V. B. Kline; Centre—Freas Fowler; Centralia—David Walsh; Fishingcreek—Wm. Eveland, Geo Pealer, John Creveling; Franklin—Washington Parr; Jackson—T. S. Christian, John Rantz; Locust—Christian Smull, Samuel Mears; Madison—Thomas C. Wilson, Conrad Kramer; Main—James W. John; Mifflin—A. C. Millard; Montour—Fred Stauger, John Thomas; Orange—George W. Hess; Pine—L. A. German; Scott—Geo. Kelchner.

THIRD MONDAY.

Bloom—Wm. Wintersteen, Geo. A. Clark, W. O. Holmes, W. W. Barrett, Michael Casey, Jr., Henry Sloan, Levi W. Cox, George A. Herring. C. S. Fornwald; Benton—Eli McHenry; Briarcreek—J. R. Mosteller; Catawissa—H. J. Reeder, G. W. Reifsnyder, Wm. Miller, George A. Scott; Centralia—John Spring; Fishingcreek—Samuel Thomas; Greenwood—Isaac Heacock; Hemlock—John P. Guild, Daniel Yocum; Jackson—Samuel Yocum; Locust—Henry H. Rhodes, Enoch Kester; Madison—Albert Girton, Robert Manning; Mifflin—Wm. Creasy, B. S. Workheiser; Montour—John G. Quick; Mt. Pleasant—Wm. Grimes; Orange—H. J. Conner; Pine—John Bruner, John W. Dawald; Scott—H. H. Brown, Willets Hartman; Sugarloaf—C. L. Moore, Wm. Peterman.

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS ELECTED FEBRUARY 16 THROUGHOUT THE COUNTY.

Beaver.—Justices of the peace, Allen Mann, J F Fox; Constable, John Hinterliter; Supervisors, M Schlicker, G Paden; School Directors, J J Hartzel, J Baker Sr., J H Shuman; Assessor, S H Bredbender, Judge P Fisher; Inspectors, D Fink, C A Shuman; Auditor, J F Fox.

Benton.—Justice of the Peace, G W Hurleman; Constable, A H McCullum; Supervisors, A Gibbons, W Smith; Poor Overseers, R J Davis, W L Cole; School Directors, S Hess W Ipher; Assessor, I McHenry; Judge, A Hartman; Inspectors, W B Gibbons, E S Evans; Auditor, E McHenry.

Berwick.—published elsewhere.

Briarcreek.—Constable, J Vanpelt; Supervisors, W Stout, G M Bower; Poor Overseers, S E Smith, R H Sitler; School Directors, N Sitler, L J Adams, G W Miller, M L Housekneckt; Assessor, G W Miller; Judge, I Bower; Inspectors, D Bower, D W Martz; Auditor, G Schechterly; Town Clerk, T H B Davis.

Centralia.—Justice of the Peace, C G Murphy; Burgess, Thomas Flynn; Town Council, T Collins, T Richards, J Hughes, G Jones, D F Curry, A B Fortner; Constables, T Irwine, J. Brady; School Director, G Troutman, H Coddington; Judge, J P Brennan. Inspectors, R W Benson, P Curran; Assessor, J T Jones; Auditor, G W Davis, W Price, tie vote; Poor Director, D Walsh,

Conyngham.—Justice of the Peace, J P Hannon; Constable, C Maize; Supervisors, A Rooney, W Chapman; School Director, P Brennan, J W Tiley, J Monaghan, J Monroe; Assessor, J P Hannon; Judge, J Hannon, north, T Casey, south; Inspectors, R Purcell, P Kane, north, P Haley, J Brown south; Auditor, C McGuire; Town Clerk, J Dewey.

Catawissa.—Justice of the Peace, J E Knittle Constable, J Walter; Supervisors, W Sharpless, D Genecl; Poor Overseers, P Karns, E Weaver; School Directors, G W Reifsnyder, S D Rinard; Assessor, C Clark; Judge, M V B Kline; Inspectors, J S Kreigh, M Hawlin; Auditor, I H Sweshultz.

Centre.—Constable, H Whitmire; Supervisors, S Harman, J Geiger; Poor Overseers, H A Schweppenheiser, D E Hayman; School Directors, E Hagenbuch, G A Frederick; Assessor, H J Deitterich; Judge, J E Hagenbuch; Inspectors, J W Woolley, T W Schweppenheiser; Auditor, I Whitmire; Town Clerk, S Neyhard.

Fishing Creek.—Constable, A Hartman; Supervisors, S McHenry, A Bender; Poor Overseers, P Weaver, H Karns; School Directors, F Wolf, H Fullmer; Assessor, C J Kreamer; Judge, D R Hosler; Inspectors, J B Stoker, S Weaver; Auditor, D Wenner; Town Clerk, D Beishline; Treasurer, J M Buchalew.

Franklin.—Justice of the Peace, J I Reesler; Constable, O D L Kostenbauder; Supervisors, J John, W George; Poor Overseers, J Knittle, P Manhart; School Directors, T P Cherrington, C L Artley; Assessors, I W Campbell; Judge, D A Munson, P G Campbell, tie vote; Inspectors, J Knittle, tie vote between W Teple W G Fisher; Auditor, J Cleaver.

Greenwood.—Constable, A H Parker; Supervisors, A Reece, D D Brady; School Directors, C Eves, J C Lamon, U P McHenry; Assessor, J W Eves; Judge, J Staddon; Inspectors, C L Sands, J F Lawton; Auditor, J F Black.

Hemlock.—Constable, W F Foust; Supervisors, J Miller, D Yocum; Poor Overseers, I G Pursel, E Ohl; School Directors, A Smith, H Sterling; Assessor, J Hartman; Judge, L Girton; Inspectors, J A Harris, J D Pursel Auditor, N P Moore.

Jackson.—Constable, W P Robbins; Supervisors, H Shultz, S Young; Poor Overseers, M Savage, W Brink; School Directors, W L Manning, H J Hurleyman; Assessor, S Hess; Judge, J P Hess; Inspectors, H H Hurleyman, C C Derr; Auditor, A Everhart; Town Clerk, F L Hess.

Locust.—Constable, W H Reinbold; Supervisors, S Strausser, G Bitner; Poor Overseers, D Stine, C Small; School Directors, J H Long, C Miller; Assessor, C C Hower; Judge, D Hauck; Inspectors, J Helwig, W Billman; Auditor, S Camp, Town Clerk, N Englehart.

Madison.—Constable, I McBride; Supervisors, E B Hartman, W Hartline; Poor Overseer, B Sterling; School Directors, J Zeisloft, T Gingles; Assessor, J M Smith; Judge, D Phillips; Inspectors, G W Supplee, S S Runyan.

Maine.—Justice of the Peace, J R Jamison; Constable, J W Shuman; Supervisors, N Miller, J Fenstermacher; Assessor, D B Federolf; Judge, D Miller; Inspectors, W H Fisher, F P Grover; Auditor J B Nuss; Town Clerk, H Karnes.

Mifflin.—Constable, J Wolf; Supervisors, L Creasy, I Hendershott; Poor Overseers, R Fry, W C Hartzel; School Directors, A C Miller, S Hetler; Assessor, A W Hess; Judge, H Hetler; Inspectors, M Keller, D M Huttenstein; Auditor, D H Montgomery.

Montour.—Justice of the Peace, J G Quick; Constable, J Q Barkley; Supervisors, P Foust, P S Karshner; Poor Overseers, J G Quick, W P Mouser; School Directors, H S Reay, J N Gordon; Assessor, P A Evans; Judge, J Bodarmel; Inspectors, H B Aldrich, S Giger; Auditor, L Eyer.

Mount Pleasant.—Justice of the Peace, G W Jacoby; Constable, D Stroup; Supervisors, A J Ikeler, E Howell; Poor Overseers, J Mordan, B Kistler; School Directors, P Creasy, R C Howell; Assessor, J Vances; Judge, J Stroup; Inspectors, J Howell, H Ale; Auditor, H Crouse.

Orange.—Constable, M C Keller; Supervisors, S Henrie, H De Long; Poor Overseers, A B Herring, tie between B Wertman and J Stiner; School Directors, A Patterson, S Hutton; Assessor F Herring; Judge S Zinamorman; Inspectors, S A Sharpless, I K Dilling; Auditor, J Crawford.

Pine.—Constable, D Gordner; Supervisors, J Masters, L Unger; Poor Overseers, B Low, J Gordner; School Directors, G H Gordner, J Chamberlin, T Sloch, S Eckman, W Karcher; Assessor, A J Lyons; Judge, J V Kinney; Inspectors, N Moser, J L Fensternacher; Auditor, F P Masters.

Roaringcreek.—Constable, W Osman; Supervisors, G F Craig, J Levan; Poor Overseers, A Whitner, W Zahner; School Directors, J Rarig, W Howels; Assessor, D Long; Judge J Craig; Inspectors, J Hoffman, I Houck; Auditor D Long.

Sugarloaf.—Justice of the Peace, A Lambach; Constable, W A Kile; Supervisors, A J Hess, J Lewis; School Directors, A B Albertson, E S Fritz, M A Comstock; Assessor, J G Lambach; Judge, I B Hess; Inspectors, E Dis, Z A Kline; Auditor, A R Fritz.

Scott.—Constable, H W White; Supervisors, W Ruckle, R Culp; School Directors, H H Brown, W C Robison; Auditor, C C Trench; Assessor, I C Creveling; Judge I R Robbins; Inspectors, J Pullin, W Pettit.

PUBLIC SALES.

I. K. Krickbaum, administrator of Margaret Karns, deceased, will sell real estate in Benton township, March 9th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The administrators of Benjamin Miller deceased will sell a large quantity of personal property at his residence in Catawissa township on March 1st and 23.

See advertisements.

Mothers will grow weary and sigh over the responsibility that Baby places upon them, but they have the high privilege of shaping a character for usefulness. The exercise of patience and the preservation of Baby's health by the proper use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup will give them great present comfort and prospective happiness. 25 cents per bottle.

BERWICK ELECTION.

The following are the officers elected, to fill the various positions in that borough: Chief Burgess—John McAnall. Assistant Burgess—H. C. Freas. Town Council—W. B. Freas, John M. Moorhead, M. W. Jackson, Isaiah Bower, Samuel Bender, J. F. Opdyke. School Directors—J. F. Everly, and Benjamin Hicks. Assessor—Alexander Thompson. Inspectors—Michael Thornton and W. M. Bredbenner. Judge of Election—G. H. Wells. Overseers of Poor—C. H. P. Kitchen and Levi Kurtz. Auditor—L. T. Thompson. Constable—J. G. Jacoby. High Constable—I. F. Chamberlain.

T. V. Powderly, the Labor Party's candidate, was elected Mayor of Scranton, by 524 majority with the entire ticket for city officers. Last fall the party had over 2,000 majority. The Select Council stands—Citizen's ticket, 14; Labor Reform, 6; Common Council—Citizens', 29; Labor, 28; School Controllers—Citizens', 8; Labor, 12.

Business Notices.

Call at McKinneys for Shoes.

J. F. Caldwell is increasing the size of his Loaves and lowering the price to 10 cts. and 3 for 15.

Best white Dishes $3.75 per set at I. W Hartman's.

A new lot of Dress Plaids at Lutz & Sloan's, price 10 to 15 cents a yard.

American Watches in heavy coin silver cases warranted for two years for twenty dollars at L. Bernhard's popular jewelry store. feb. 22 tf

Ladies Pin Stripe Hose at I. W. Hartman's.

P. S. Bates, jeweller and watchmaker makes a specialty of repairing. All work done by him is sure to give perfect satisfaction.

The large stock of Clocks, Watches and silverware received by P. S. Bates only a month or two ago is being very rapidly reduced by his extensive sales at the lowest possible prices.

Pleasant as honey, the old folks like it the young people like it and the babies cry for it—we mean Dr. Frazier's Cough Syrup. tf

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

Best Calico 7 cents cash or produce at I. W. Hartman's.

GRAND FURNITURE SALE MARCH 9th OF SOLID BLACK WALNUT SUITS.

PAINTED SUITS and Extension Tables, wood seat Chairs and cane-seated Chairs, Lounges, Looking-glasses, Cupboards, Sinks, Bedsteads, Brackets, Picture Frames and Chromos.

The above Furniture is New and of the latest styles, neither second-hand nor cheaply made. Sale at 10 o'clock a. m. at Cadman's Furniture Store.

Lutz & Sloan will have more of those finished white Shirts this week for 75 cents each.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

Many consumptives are now using Dr. Frazier's Root Bitters and Cough Syrup with remarkable success. tf

The Royal Safeguard Oil at D. A. Creasy's is all the go.

If you have a watch, clock, or any kind of jewelry or silverware to repair, take it to P. S. Bates who always gives perfect satisfaction.

Boss Cigars, 2 for 5 cents, at D. A. Creasy's.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Butter, Eggs, Lard and Dried Fruit bought and sold at I. W. Hartman's.

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

Since the discovery of Dr. William's Indian Ointment there is certainly no excuse for any one to suffer with the Piles. See advertisement. tf

Admission free at McKinney's.

Royal Safeguard Oil gives the safest yet most brilliant light of any oil in the world For sale at D. A. Creasy's, the only place in town where it can be had. *Every one should try it.*

Priceless Discovery.

A Sure Cure for Piles.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated Piles has been discovered by Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and forty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment supercedes the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prescribed only for Piles and nothing else. Thousands of cures in two years attest its virtues and physicians of all schools pronounce it the greatest contribution to medicine of the age. It matters not how long or severely you have been suffering, you can be cured.

Mr. Joseph M. Ryder, Cleveland, Ohio, writes: I suffered for years with Itching and Ulcerated Piles, tried remedy after remedy and consulted numerous physicians in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati, and this city; and spent hundreds of dollars, but received no relief until I obtained a box of Dr. William's Indian ointment some four months ago, and it has cured me completely. I had a part of the box left which I gave to a friend of mine who had doctored with Hindy Hyde, and as a last resort sent to the noted Hot Springs, Arkansas, for treatment. He informs me that the Indian ointment has also cured him of the Piles. It is certainly a wonderful discovery, and should be used by the many hundreds who are now suffering with that dread disease.

$10,000 Reward will be paid for a more certain remedy. Sold by all Druggists. DR. G. W. FRAZIER, sole proprietor, Cleveland O.

DON'T NEGLECT A COUGH

or Cold, when 25 cents will buy a bottle of Dr. Frazier's Cough Syrup at any drug store. It has wrought a complete change in the Cough Medicines, is pleasant as honey and never fails to cure.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

☞ Dr. Frazier's Cough Syrup used in connection with Dr. Frazier's Root Bitters WILL CURE CONSUMPTION.

Standard Steam Laundry, Cleveland, O, Oct. 20, '76.

DR. FRAZIER, Dear Sir: I feel it a duty I owe to suffering humanity to write you. For some time I was sorely afflicted with a cough, raising bad stuff, with every symptom of being a confirmed consumptive. I tried different medicines and cures without finding relief; I also consulted three of our most prominent Cleveland physicians, the last one of which pronounce my case serious, and informed me that I could not live more than a few months. About this time, hearing of your wonderful success, I commenced taking your Syrup in connection with your Root Bitters, and was at once benefitted, and after using the medicine some two months I find myself entirely cured.

FLORENCE BUNN.

☞ Mr. Bunn again writes, under date of August 4, 1877,—Dr. Frazier, Dear Sir: I can endorse your medicines more strongly than ever from the fact that it is now nearly one year since I was cured. My lungs are to-day strong and sound, having no return of the disease.

☞ The above Medicines speak for themselves. DR. G. W. FRAZIER, proprietor. Cleveland, O.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Dec. 14, 1877-1y

A GENTLE HINT.

In our style of climate, with its sudden changes of temperature,—rain, wind and sunshine often intermingled in a single day,—it is no wonder that our children, friends and relatives are so frequently taken from us by neglected colds, half the deaths resulting directly from this cause. A bottle of Boschee's German Syrup kept about your home for immediate use will prevent serious sickness, a large doctor's bill and perhaps death, by the use of three or four doses. For curing Consumption, Hemorrhage, Pneumonia, Severe Coughs, Croup or any disease of the Throat or Lungs, its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. German Syrup is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Sample bottles for trial, 10c; regular size, 75c.

April 27, '77-1y jl

5000 Agents Wanted to subscribe for the Agents Journal, a Handsomely Bound 24 page Journal, brim full of interest to Agents. Sample copy sent free. AGENTS' JOURNAL, N. Y. Feb. 15, '78-10t

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS
Printed at this Office
ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

Reflect that in every cemetery ¼ of the silent tenants are the victims of neglected Coughs and colds, and if you are thus afflicted, *avoid their fate* by resorting *at once* to *Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar*, an immediate, agreeable, and certain means of cure. Sold by all Druggists. Pike's Toothache Drops cure in a minute.

feb. 15.

Coal! Coal!! Coal!!!

Extra preparation!
Superior quality!

Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's Store at, our office, or sent through the mails will receive prompt attention.

Your patronage is respectfully solicited.

C. W. NEAL & BRO.

May 1, 1877.

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &c., &c.,
Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

STATEMENT of THE FINANCES OF THE COUNTY OF COLUMBIA,

from January 1st, 1877, to January 1st, 1878.

Statement showing taxes assessed and balance still due.

DISTRICTS.	ASSESSED. County Tax	ASSESSED. Dog	STILL DUE. County Tax	STILL DUE. Dog
	$	$	$	$
Beaver	800 08	107 50	8 00	457 91	27 50
Benton	1229 08	49 00	7 50	871 86	15 50
Berwick	1676 48	90 00	51 20	1432 56	20 00
Bloom	2605 75	95 50	175 18	2377 91	15 18
Briarcreek	1582 98	71 50	16 30	702 70	36 50
Catawissa	2110 14	82 00	70 00	907 05	51 00
Centralia	930 17	42 00	30 00	682 40	17 00
Centre	2122 92	81 50	34 20	1065 20	31 50
Conyngham	3405 86	80 00	25	1904 59	8 00
Fishingcr'k	1240 20	88 50	9 75	1141 12	32 50
Franklin	2091 61	39 50	15 15	332 71	9 50
Greenwood	1640 75	85 50	18 31	1090 95	35 50
Hemlock	1404 19	50 50	7 50	920 26	22 00
Jackson	2891 61	43 50	4 75	1051 62	10 50
Locust	1718 87	142 00	14 85	1230 40	92 00
Madison	1448 41	74 00	23 25	817 82	22 00
Maine	2882 81	47 50	33 75	1504 59	14 50
Mifflin	1490 98	77 00	23 60	324 93	27 00
Montour	1243 16	55 00	11 70	587 00	20 00
Mt. Pleasant	826 86	51 00	10 35	531 21	21 00
Orange	1328 20	51 00	24 23	805 10	20 00
Pine	555 82	52 00	4 25	319 86	32 00
Roaringcr'k	642 22	41 00	23 20	145 41	21 00
Scott	1918 01	65 50	31 45	1324 98	13 50
Sugarloaf	513 21	61 00		312 62	29 25
Total	38528 50	1561 50	623 10	18618 55	640 93

AMOUNTS DUE FOR PREVIOUS YEARS.

Districts.	Collectors.	year.	Co.	Dog.
Conyngham,	J. J. Coughlin,	1874,	$ 962 13	$26 50
Benton,	Sam Appleman,	"	45 24	
Benton,	I K K Lanbach,	1875,	120 51	13 66
Catawissa,	Joseph Martz,	"	494 60	14 50
Conyngham,	Neal Lenihan,	"	1430 30	7 00
Mt.	J B Cornelison,	"	29 85	6 50
Benton,	G W Hurleman,	1876,	40 55	27 50
Briarcreek,	J C Smith,	"	114 44	29 00
Catawissa,	Joseph Martz,	"	86 45	25 50
Centre,	Joseph A Hess,	"	220 70	24 00
Conyngham,	Aaron Person,	"	85 41	9 00
Mt Pleasant,	John Morgan,	"	80 22	4 00
Pine,	J B Cornelison,	"	83 80	33 50
Sugarloaf,	E J Albertson,	"	173 54	29 50
			3404 19	257 50

H. W. McREYNOLDS, Treasurer of said county in account with said county on county funds.

1877 DR.

Jan. 1, To amt. uncollected prior to 1877	$15,433 91
To amt. returned as delinquent	1,260 84
" county and poll tax assessed for '77	38,528 50
" tax on registry of voters for 1877	48 20
" tax added to collectors accounts	30 72
" Wm Hulme, Benton poor overseer for Colleys	100 00
To note discounted at bank	1,578 00
" note discounted at bank, renewed	1,981 88
"	1,730 77
" J E Sands for case of pigeon holes	50
" H Doak & Baker, collectors entry fees	72 00
To B F Zarr, jury fees	
To tax collected on land returned, Seated. Unseated.	
Beaver	$ 2 88 $ 9
Benton	9 39
Bloom	15 58
Briarcreek	59
Conyngham	27 26
Fishingcreek	3 71
Greenwood	13 50 5 1
Hemlock	1 17
Mifflin	48
Mount Pleasant	71
Orange	1 08
Pine	80
Roaringcreek	2 67
Scott	80
	44 19 32 51 76 72
To county bonds sold	$25,000 00
" assessing, managing &c., of dog fund	100 00
	$64,697 09

CR.

By commission and exonerations allowed collectors who have settled for 1876.

Districts	Com.	Ex.	Districts	Com.	Ex.
Beaver	20 00	8 38	Madison	42 28	2 82
Bloom	167 41	19 20	Maine	29 24	7 20
Centralia	22 31	68 72	Mifflin	43 31	6 53
Centre	1	1	Montour	16 23	1
F Creek	45 49	12 16	Orange	34 43	9 24
Franklin	22 87	80	R Creek	18 87	1 52
Greenwood	44 06	24 23	Scott	57 21	23 00
Hemlock	31 29	11 75	For 1876		
Jackson	11 29	4 41	Sugarloaf	18 91	5 58
Locust	50 27	3 55			

By total commission	$ 712 02
" exonerations	225 58
" county orders redeemed	61,274 02
" note paid to bank	2,000 00
" " "	2,000 00
" " "	1,730 77
" county tax to meet State quota	27 00
" county tax due from collectors	22,412 74
" coupons on count bonds paid	91 50
" treasurer's commission	2,434 96
" balance in hands of Treasurer, in cash and vouchers bills paid	2,009 80
	$94,697 09

H. W. McREYNOLDS, TREASURER,

IN ACCT. WITH DOG FUND.

1877 DR.

Jan. To amt due from last year	$ 817 69
To amt. assessed for 1877	1,561 50
" " on hand at last settlement	179 94
	$2,559 13

CR.

By commission and exonerations on duplicates settled, for 1876.

Districts	Com.	Ex.	Districts	Com.	Ex.
Beaver	5 45	5 00	Madison	3 88	2 50
Bloom	25 95	2 00	Maine	2 95	2 00
Centralia	4 15	12 00	Mifflin	2 78	2 00
F Creek	4 20	2 00	Montour	2 65	
Franklin	1 78	50	Orange	2 43	3 50
Greenwood	4 33	8 00	R Creek	1 30	2 00
Hemlock	2 05	3 50	Scott	2 65	6 50
Jackson	2 10	1 50	For 1875.		
Locust	8 25	10 00	Sugarloaf	2 75	2 50

By commission	$ 55 00
" exonerations	20 54
" orders paid of 1875	51 75
" orders paid of 1876	806 50
" orders paid of 1877	300 21
" amt. to assessors &c., managing fund paid to county	100 00
" commission to Treasurer	62 87
" amt due from collectors	814 43
" balance in hands of Treasurer	136 69
	$2,559 13

COMMISSIONERS' EXPENSES FOR 1877, for which orders were issued on the treasurer.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

Paid Wm H Snyder for Teachers Institute	142 70
" Sheriff Warner, bringing Patrick Hester et al from Pottsville jail	37 10
" C G Murphy, fees vs S Bogart	2 35
" J B Hess, Sugarloaf collectors	10 00
" Wm Hosek, jailor & janitor 2 mos	24 00
" Wm Wirts, two dozen assessors satchels	14 40
" W Wirt, auditing public acc'ts	25 00
" W H Koons, boarding police	54 00
" Wm M Rober, bill for post mortem case

Miscelaneous.

Temple of Agriculture at Pekin.

In the spring of every year the Chinese pay great honors to agriculture. The emperor proceeds to the park surrounding the Temple of Agriculture at Pekin, and in a plot of ground reserved for the purpose and in the presence of the grandees of the Empire, he guides, the imperial plow, and uses the seed planter, rake, &c. The implements employed by him are devoted to his exclusive use, and are of a bright yellow color; and no inferior person can plow or sow the emperor's plot; when he is not able to come his part in left barren. The grain sown by the emperor is rice. The governor of the province and the mayor of the city then imitate the emperor in plots reserved for them, using implements of a red color, and sowing millet,

Afterward the emperor and attendant princes and officials proceed to the Temple of Agriculture, which is dedicated to Shin-Nung, or the "Divine Husbandman," the fabulous originator of the art. Here bullocks, swine, and sheep are offered in sacrifices, and prayers made to Shin-Nug and also to the god of the land, the god of the grain, the god of the ocean, the god of the wind, the god of thunder, and the god of rain. They are also very particular to worship what is called the god of the year. In ancient times, this was the planet Jupiter, but at present the officers who advise and not for the emperor in these matters canonize what and whom they please.

Similar plowing and worshiping are performed by the leading mandarins near the south gates of all the principal cities of the empire; after which the mandarins mount a platform; and, calling around them the principal farmers of the vacinity exhort them to the proper discharge of their duties as husbandmen. At the close of the addresses, they present to each of the farmers who have been selected to receive them certain presents or medals in the name of the emperor, in order to encourage and stimulate them to diligence in their calling.

Apart from the idolatrous worship, this conduct of the emperor and his officials is very praiseworthy; but it is sad to know that while "God has not left himself with out witness among them in that he does good, and sends them rain and fruitful seasons, filling their hearts with food and gladness," they yet do not recognize his existence and beneficence, but give his glory to others and his praise to graven images.—*Spirit of Mission.*

Where Flowers Came From.

Some of our flowers came from lands of perpetual summer, some from countries of ice and snow, some from islands in the ocean. Three of our sweetest exotics came originally from Peru; the camelia was carried to England in 1739, and a few years afterward the heliotrope and mignonette. Several others came from the Cape of Good Hope; a very large calla was found in ditches there, and some of the most brilliant geraniums, or pelargoniums which are a spurious geranium. The verbena grows wild in Brazil; the marigold is an African flower, and numbers come from China and Japan. The little Daphne was carried to England by Captain Ross, from almost the farthest land he visited towards the north pole. Some of these are quite changed in form by cultivation; others have only become larger and brighter; while others, despite of all the care of florists and the shelter of hot-houses, fell far shor of the beauty and fragrance of the tropics.

Among improved ones is the dahlia. When brought to Europe it was a very simple blossom, a single circle of dark petals surrounding a mass of yellow ones. Others, with scarlet and orange petals, were soon after transplanted from Mexico, but still remained simple dowers. Long years of cultivation in rich soil, with other arts of skillful florists, have changed it to what it now is—a round ball of beauty.—*Riverside Magazine.*

To Tell a Horse's Age.

Up to the period when a colt has a full set of teeth the peculiar character of them is a good indication of the age of the animal. After that age of the horse is indicated by the wearing down of the teeth.—When a colt is one year old he has cut twelve nippers and sixteen grinders.—During the second year the permanent teeth begin to appear and the nippers become worn. During the third year the milk or first teeth fall out and are replaced by permanent teeth, which are larger than the first ones. The grinders are also increased to six in each jaw. At five years the mouth is complete. After six years no reliance can be placed on the teeth as an indication of age, as it is obvious much depends on the manner of feeding the horse. If he is pastured to any extent the teeth become worn down sooner than if he had been fed on soft food.—*N. Y. Times.*

Employment for Women.

The subject of the employment of women is as vital to the rich as to the poor. Mr. Emerson's remark with regard to the regulation of the body holds equally for the soul—he is rich, and would be well, let him live as if he were poor. We talk of the lazy poor because they are a burden to the community; are not the lazy rich, after all, the rottenness at the core? "Every woman, from the Queen on the throne to the little Pippa who passes every day to the filature, has her work to do and is responsible for the due performance of it. All service ranks the same with God. All are servants equally in His sight."

What a picture would the life of the average woman of Fifth Avenue or Beacon St., present to us if we should lay it down without exaggeration on paper! Her school-days over, it is her habit to walk into the breakfast-room at nine o'clock, just from her bed, her front hair twisted over pins or bits of silk. She lounges, reading the newspaper, chatting with others as purposeless as herself, warming her feet or gazing out of window, until eleven; then she retires to arrange her toilet for the evening, perhaps to examine clean clothes from the wash, or perform some other household duty—duties not to be omitted, but which the economical woman (one who has learned the value of time) would have completed before the day began; then she dresses for afternoon calls and list in hand, descends to the lunch table. Here nearly another hour fades away before she begins her afternoon round, flitting from house to house cheerfully chatting of the *Shaughraun*, Nilsson, Kellogg—of everything in short, which concerns the shows of life, but careful as one walking over pitfalls to avoid every subject of vital interest either to herself or others. Then, the visits or drive ended, she hurries home in time to dress for dinner, and go somewhere afterward, as if to exhaust to the last drop her own vital strength and the hours of the day. This little record is not overdrawn. With certain modifications, this is the substance of the life of wives and daughters of well-to-do merchants in our cities. These days are varied by certain mornings given to music and others to painting. But how small the average of those who achieve anything worth doing! A man to be a painter must not paint with half his mind. The same law holds good of the woman.

Let every woman apply to her own life the doctrine of selection. The man is bred to this. What is your son going to be? parents are asked, and boys in the public school confide to each other the profession of their choice. No one asks the girl what is to be her employment, what she is preparing for. The days of her pleasant school life glide by one after another; frequently no accurate scholarship has been required of her; and when the routine stops she is without rudder and without aim.—*Harper's Magazine for March.*

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DR. PIERCE'S STANDARD REMEDIES

Are not advertised as "cure alls," but are specifics in the diseases for which they are recommended.

NATURAL SELECTION.

Investigators of natural science have demonstated beyond controversy, that throughout the animal kingdom the "the survival of the fittest" is the only law that vouchsafes thrift and perpetuity. Does not the same principle govern the commercial prosperity of man? An inferior cannot supersede a superior article. By reason of superior merit, Dr. Pierce's standard Medicines have outrivaled all others. Their sale in the United States alone exceeds one million dollars per annum, while the amount exported foots up to several hundred thousand more. No business could ever grow to such gigantic proportions and rest upon any other basis than that of merit.

DR. SAGE'S
Catarrh Remedy
Is Pleasant to Use.
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Catarrh Remedy
Its Cures Extend Over a period of 20 Years.
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Its Sale Constantly Xhcreases.
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Catarrh Remedy
Cures by its mild, Soothing effect
DR. SAGE'S
Catarrh Remedy
Cures "Cold in Head," and Catarrh, or Ozœna.

AN OPEN LETTER.
It Speaks for Itself.

ROCKPORT, Mass., April 2, 1877.

MR. EDITOR:—Having read in your paper reports of the remarkable cures of Catarrh, I am induced to tell "what I know about Catarrh," and I fancy the "snuff" and "inhaling-tube" makers (mere dollar grabbers) would be glad if they could emblazon a single cure in the papers. For 26 years I suffered with catarrh. The nasal passages became completely closed. "Snuff," "dust," "ashes," "inhaling-tubes" and "sticks," wouldn't work, though at intervals I would snuff up the so-called catarrh snuff, until I became a valuable tester for such medicines. I gradually grew worse, and no one can know how much I suffered or what a miserable being I was. My head ached over my eyes. I was confined to my bed for many successive days, suffering the most intense pain, which at one time continuously for 168 hours. All sense of smell and taste gone, sight and hearing impaired, body shrunken and weakened, nervous system shattered, constitution broken, and I was hawking and spitting seven-eighths of the time. I prayed for death to relieve me of my suffering. A favorable notice in your paper of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy induced me to purchase a package, and use it with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, which applies the remedy by hydrostatic pressure, the only way compatible with common sense. Well, Mr. Editor it did not cure me three-fourths of a second, nor in one hour or month, but in less than eight minutes I was relieved, and in three months entirely cured, and have remained so for over sixteen months. While using the Catarrh Remedy, I used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to purify my blood and strengthen my stomach. I also kept my liver active and bowels regular by the use of his Pleasant Purgative Pellets. If my experience will induce other sufferers to seek the same means of relief, this letter will have answered its purpose.

Yours truly, L. D. REMICK.

A CLOUD OF WITNESSES.

The following named parties are among the thousands who have been cured of Catarrh by the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy:

A. F. Downs, New Geneva, Pa.; D. J. Brown, St. Joseph, Mo.; E. C. Lewis, Rutland, Vt.; Levi Springer, Nettle Lake, Ohio; Chas. Norcop, North Chesterfield, Me.; Milton Jones, Scriba, N. Y.; J. E. Miller, Brider Station, Wyo.; J. C. Merriman, Logansport, Ind.; M. M. Post, Logansport, Ind.; J. W. Ballard, Tremont, Pa; H. B. Ayres, Lafayette, Ind.; Jessie M. Sears, Ft. Branch, Ind.; L. Williams, Canton, Mo.; W. A. Thayer, Onarga, Ill.; S. B. Nichols, Jr., Galveston, Texas; Jonas F. Reinert, Myerstown, Pa.; S. W. Lusk, McFarland, Wis.; Johnson Williams, Helmick, Ohio; M. A. Currey, Trenton, Tenn.; J. G. Joslin, Keene, N. H., A. J. Casper, Table Rock, W. Va.; Lewis Ambers, Gaysport, Ohio; C. H. Chase, Elkhart, Ind.; Mrs. Henry Haight, San Francisco, Cal.; Mrs. E. M. Gallusha, Lawrenceville, N. Y.; W. J. Graham Ames, Iowa; A. G. Smith, Newman, Ga.; Chas. S. Rice, Baltimore, Md.; Jesse M. Sears, Carlisle, Ind.; Dan'l. R. Miller, Ft. Wayne, Ind.; Mrs. Minnie Arnable, 299 Delancy street, New York; H. W. Hall, Hastings, Mich.; Wm. F. Marston, Lowell, Mass.; I. W. Roberts, Maricopa, Ariz.; Chas. S. Delaney, Harrisburg, Pa.; M. C. Cole, Lowell, Mass.; Mrs C. J. Martin, Camden, Me.; Chas. F. Kay, Fredericktown, Ohio; Mrs. Lucy Hunter, Farmington, Ill.; Capt. E. J. Spaulding, Camp Stambaugh, Wyo.; I. W. Tracy, Steamboat Rock, Iowa; Mrs. L. Waite, Shushan, N. Y.; J. M. Peck, Junction City, Mont.; Henry Ege, Bantas, Cal.; L. P. Cummings, Rantoul, Ill.; S. E. Jones, Charleston Four Corners, N. Y.; Geo. F. Hall, Pueblo, Cal.; Wm. E. Bartrie, Sterling, Pa.; H. H. Ebon, 948 Penn street, Pittsburg, Pa.; J. R. Hackman, Sandusky, Ohio; Mrs. Jane Wallace